

THE EVENING NEWS

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 8

ADA, OKLAHOMA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1912

NUMBER 297

You Want the Right Kind of Clothes This Spring

And we want you to have them. The new things are now arriving; we're ready to give you an early look at the best clothes ever shown. We've made preparations for your needs as carefully as if you were the only customer we had.

You're not the only one; you may even go somewhere else for your clothes; but this is the only store where you can get our kind of clothes.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

make our finest goods; they're the cheapest clothes you can buy; not because they're the lowest in price, but because you get more for every dollar you pay than in any other clothes made.

Before you decide on your
Spring suit see these.

Suits \$20 and up



In preparing our spring stock we have not forgotten the little chaps. Our Widow Jones Knickerbocker Suits for boys surpass anything we have ever shown before for style, workmanship and perfect fit. Mothers, bring your boys here for their clothes. We can dress them up in full, with prices that

please you and clothes that please the boy.

Boys' Waists, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Shoes, Hats, Knickerbocker peg-top Pants, Children's Rompers, and Caps of all kinds.

Our Boys' and Children's Department this year surpasses any of the previous years.

L. Harris

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes
THE LARGEST CLOTHING STORE IN
SOUTH CENTRAL OKLAHOMA

"THE MAN ON THE BOX" MAKES A HIT

With the possible exception of the "Lion and the Mouse," the "Man on the Box" is the best performance the News reporter has even seen in Ada. The plot is good, and the actors were all very strong and rendered their parts most excellently. The large attendance again demonstrates the fact that the Ada public appreciates a good play and will patronize it much more readily than one that ranks as only ordinary.

Both on the stage and off the en-

tire company gave every evidence of gentility and being as strong a troupe as ever visited Ada, will be assured of a full house when they come this way again.

Music for the occasion was furnished by Prof. Carl Beck and his pupil, Miss Ruth Gibson, the first named with his violin and the latter at the piano. The opening number was the famous Zampa overture.

Manager Parks has arranged with Neff & Pennington company to present "Casey Jones" Monday evening of next week.

Use Gwin's Favorite Cream—25c and 50c. 286-101d

**FREE
WITH EVERY
PRESCRIPTION**



No. 45

TION for the sake of a few cents more profit, and there's NO EXTRA CHARGE for the PURE ingredients and EXTRA care. Our PRICES are the SAME as you'll pay for INFERIOR GOODS.

GWIN & MAYS DRUG CO.

The Retail Store

"OUR FOUNTAIN is STYLE all THE WHILE"

SIX PRISONERS ARE SENTENCED

CRIMINAL DOCKET ALMOST ENTIRELY
CLEARED FOR FIRST
TIME IN HISTORY.

This morning Judge McKeown passed sentence on six men convicted at the recent sitting of the criminal term of district court.

The first of these was G. E. Sulliger convicted of receiving stolen property. When asked if he had anything to say, Sulliger asked for leniency, stating that it was the first time he had ever been arrested on anything serious, and asking for a jail sentence instead of one to the penitentiary. His attorney, J. W. Bolen, also made a few remarks for his client invoking the mercy of the court. Judge McKeown stated that he had never been fully satisfied concerning how deeply the convicted man had been involved with the others arrested and convicted in the same case, and later, if satisfied that this was the first time he had had dealings with the band, he would recommend the clemency of the governor. He then sentenced Sulliger to eighteen months in the penitentiary. This was evidently an unexpected blow to the man, for he dropped back into his seat with a look of intense suffering on his face.

Ray Martin, who entered a plea of guilty to forgery, was given a sentence of a year and one day.

W. R. Harper, convicted of manslaughter in the case of Cecil Davis, was next called. He had nothing to say, except to ask the court to be as lenient as possible. The judge stated that according to the mortality tables the aged prisoner had a life expectancy of ten and one-half years, and that since the jury had evidently not been in favor of a life sentence, he would fix the penalty at eight years. He fixed the appeal bond at \$6,000, giving Harper fifteen days in which to make it before being taken to McAlester.

Ed Wilder and L. O. Harmon, convicted of grand larceny in connection with the Weleetka burglary case, were in accordance with the verdict of the jury, given a year and one day each.

Jim Whitley, convicted of forgery, was given a similar sentence on the verdict of the jury. In his case the judge took occasion to express his views on the reckless manner of living indulged in by so many young men, saying that undue extravagance had led many a young man into crime and disgrace, and advising the young man to try to make good when he is released from prison.

When the era of statehood arrived, the criminal docket was of most formidable proportions, and at times since then it has been very large, but owing to the activity of County Attorney Wimbish and Jim Dean, Sheriff Mitchell and his force and Judge McKeown, there are now only eight or nine live cases on the docket. The chances are that for sometime to come the expense of the district court in Pontotoc county will be comparatively light.

PONTOTOC COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

T. B. Liner, president of the Pontotoc County Teachers' Association, has set April 26-27 as the date of the next meeting of the association. The Executive Committee, composed of J. R. Crisp, Miss Laura Johnson and A. Floyd, will meet at Ada on March 30 to arrange a program for the occasion. At the last meeting a two days' session was voted for the next association, so an elaborate program is expected to be rendered. All teachers should take notice of this announcement and be governed accordingly.

A. L. Bullock was up from Roff today, and being an enthusiastic supporter of Roosevelt, was naturally much pleased with the outcome of the state convention. He is of the opinion that although his laugh was the last coming, it was the best and mellowest of the lot.

AN OPEN LETTER TO GOV. CRUCE

Ada, Okla., March 19.

His Excellency, Lee Cruce,
Oklahoma City, Okla.

Dear Sir:—I am enclosing and sending you herewith an excerpt from my Sunday sermon in reply to your attitude on the subject of capital punishment. At the time I prepared those remarks I did not have at hand the full text of your letter. I have since read it in the Oklahoma City News, and find that practically every point in your letter was covered except your reference to the case of Cain. Let me say now with reference to that point that you put yourself in the room of God, and in the absence of any Scripture to show what was in the mind of God by way of reason for that act of divine clemency, you presume to think that there is no ground for capital punishment. Suppose you search the Scripture for a proclamation against murder prior to the bloody deed of Cain, and ask yourself if it would have been consonant with Divine justice and mercy for the Creator to promulgate an *ex post facto* law and put his creature to death for the violation of it.

I notice in addition also that you compare one year of your administration with another. You ought to know that is no test at all. That sort of argument might appeal to the rabble, but with men who think for themselves it has no weight whatever. Why did you not compare the statistics of this country with the statistics of England, Germany or France? Had you done so I think you would have found something like this: That Germany who convicts the greatest percentage of her murderers, the percentage being 80 some odd (I quote from memory) has the least percentage of murder of any country of the world, and that the United States which convicts the least number of her murderers, the percentage being 2, has the greatest percentage of murder of any country of the world, the same being 126 to each million of population. Indeed, my dear Governor I think you would have found by a careful search that there is more murder in this country than Germany, France and England combined, and all those countries have a stricter enforcement of the law against murder than we do. Where then is the ground for your idle boast about the high plane of our civilization? We are a nation of murderers, and such actions as yours force good men into the bloody class in order to protect themselves against the unrestrained mob whom your executive clemency licenses to shoot.

I have followed your administration with my prayers, for I had high hopes when I listened to your brave words before the annual conference at Ardmore that we had a chief executive who would uphold the law. Alas and again alas, How the mighty



"Mamma—where did you get that?" Ramsey's Drug Store, 105 West Main Street.



"Oh!—why didn't I go to

RAMSEY'S

DON'T YOU KNOW

we can save you money on Notions?

COMBS—metal back horn Dressing Combs, or Celluloid Combs, extra wide.....10c

NEEDLES—Hand Sewing Needles, warranted perfect, Gold Eye, 3 papers for.....10c

\$2.50 WHITE CANVAS HIGH

Shoes for women\$1.89

GROWING GIRLS' WHITE

Canvas High Shoes .. \$1.65

MISSSES' WHITE CANVAS

High Shoes\$1.45

MEN'S TRADE MARK SHOES

—a regular city bargain. \$2.50

MEN'S WORK SHOES—SPE-

cial\$1.50

STAMPED PILLOW TOPS FOR

Embroidery, 35c, 25c, 15c, 10c

SPRING NECKWEAR FOR

Women and Men—Special. 25c

LONG SILK GLOVES FOR

Women. Every woman should

be interested in this special

Glove item—

Full 16-Button length, reaching

considerably above the elbow—

a regular \$1.50 Glove, for 98c

OUR SPECIAL LINE OF

Spring White Goods will surely

interest you. from 5c to 18 1-2c

a yard.

Glassware, Queensware, Tinware, Graniteware at special prices, too

WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

Shaw's Nickel Store
THE GOMING CASH DEPARTMENT STORE

S. M. SHAW, Prop.

has fallen. Those pledges remain unfulfilled, and the way is opened yet more for the reign of crime.

Sincerely yours,

CHAS. L. BROOKS.

TEACHERS ASSOCIATION WILL
MEET AT OKLAHOMA CITY

Oklahoma City, Ok., March 20.—Executive committee of the Oklahoma State Teachers' Association selected Oklahoma City as the meeting for 1912, and the dates were fixed for Dec. 26, 27 and 28.

Salesmen Wanted.

I want a few men and women who want to make good money, selling the most valuable household article on the market. Call on or address "J" care of Hotel Chapman. 297-21*

When you entertain company, let us supply the ice cream. Plenty of it always on hand. Purity Ice Cream Co.; phone 132. 294-7t-d

See B. B. Howard for all kinds of tin work. Phone 256. 166-dtf

PERLBERG SUITS

possess the

power to

persuade

people to

purchase. Orders taken at

LUMLEE'S

RESSING

ARLOR.

hone 326.

118 South Broadway.

YES,

YOUR EASTER HAT IS HERE

THEY BLOOM INTO EASTER effulgence! The stock is radiant; it sparkles with brightness from Paris and New York. Stop—pick! You could pick blindfolded and catch a beauty!

TWO FEATURES ARE NOTICEABLE

THE PRACTICAL STYLES

THE VERY FAIR PRICES

Come and look your eyes full! They are conspicuously pretty, not for what is on them, but for what **ISN'T!**

We never started a spring season so auspiciously or wonderfully prepared. The variety exceeds our utmost former efforts. The values are far more inviting than ever before in the month of March.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

**THE
SURPRISE STORE**
The People Who Put The Price Down
— ADA, OKLA. —

PROPOSED CHARTER FOR CITY OF ADA

PREAMBLE.

WE, THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF ADA, UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, AND THE POWERS RESERVED THEREIN, DO ORDAIN AND ESTABLISH THIS CHARTER FOR THE CITY OF ADA.

ARTICLE I.

ORGANIZATION AND POWERS.

Section 1. The inhabitants within the boundaries hereinafter defined, and their successors are hereby created and organized a Municipal Corporation and body politic with perpetual succession under the name "THE CITY OF ADA," and shall succeed to, own and possess all the property, rights, privileges, franchises, powers and immunities now belonging to the present corporation known as the City of Ada, and shall be liable for all debts and obligations for which said present corporation is now legally bound, and shall have the power to adopt a common seal and alter the same at pleasure, to sue and be sued in all courts, to make contracts, to take and acquire property by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, and to hold, lease, mortgage, convey or otherwise dispose of any of its property, real or personal, within and without the limits of said city, and it shall have such other powers, rights, privileges, franchises, and immunities as are granted and conferred by any other parts of this Charter or by the Constitution and the laws of the State of Oklahoma.

Section 2. The boundaries of said city, until changed by ordinance, shall be the same as at the time of the adoption of this Charter.

Section 3. The City of Ada shall have power to enact and enforce all ordinances necessary to protect health, life and property and to prevent and summarily abate and remove nuisances and to preserve and enforce good government and order for the security of the city and its inhabitants; to enact and enforce all ordinances upon any subject; Provided, that no ordinance shall be enacted inconsistent with the general laws of this state, the State Constitution or this Charter.

Section 4. The City of Ada shall have power, within and without its territorial limits, to construct, condemn and purchase, acquire, lease, improve, add to, maintain and conduct and operate in whole or in part, Water Works, Light Plants, Telephone Systems, Power Plants, Transportation Systems, Heating Plants, Incinerating Plants, and any other public utilities or works or ways local in use, and everything required therefor for the use of said city and the inhabitants thereof, and any such systems, plants, works or ways or any contracts in relation thereto or in connection therewith that may exist and which said city may desire to purchase in whole or in part may be purchased or acquired in whole or in part, by said city which may enforce such purchase by proceedings at law or in equity by right of eminent domain, and said city shall have the power to issue bonds upon the vote of the taxing electors at any special or general election in any amount necessary to carry out any of said powers or purposes, said amount being limited only by the Constitution and the laws of the State of Oklahoma, and by other provisions in this Charter.

Section 5. Said city may receive bequests and gifts of all kinds of property in fee simple or in trust for charitable and public purposes, and perform all acts necessary to carry out the purposes of said gifts, bequests, or trusts, with power to manage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same in accordance with the terms of such gift, bequest or trust.

Section 6. The Legislative, Executive and Judicial powers of the city shall extend to all matters of local and municipal government, it being the intent hereof that the specification of particular powers by any other provision of this Charter shall never be construed as limiting or impairing the effect of the general grant of powers hereby made.

Section 7. All existing ordinances of the city not inconsistent with this Charter or inapplicable under the altered form of municipal government provided by this Charter, shall be and continue in full force and effect until amended or repealed or until they expire by their own limitations, and no existing right, action (civil or penal), suit, proceedings, or contracts, shall be affected by the change in the form of government of the city, but all shall continue as though no such change had taken place; and all debts, penalties and forfeitures which have accrued, or which may hereafter accrue by virtue of anything heretofore done or existing, shall inure to the benefit of the city and may be sued for and recovered by said city as though this Charter had not been adopted. Nothing herein, however, shall legalize or make legal any invalid indebtedness of the city heretofore contracted or incurred, or impair any defense against the payment of the same; nor shall the adoption of this Charter in any wise interfere with any proceedings heretofore instituted relating to the levy and collection of taxes, special assessments, or levies of any nature, or with any proceedings to enforce the payment of the same, and all contracts heretofore entered into by the city shall remain in full force and effect and be completed under ordinances existing at the time of the adoption of this Charter.

Section 8. The City of Ada shall have power to enact and enforce all ordinances necessary to protect health, life and property and to prevent and summarily abate and remove nuisances and to preserve and enforce good government and order for the security of the city and its inhabitants; to enact and enforce all ordinances upon any subject; Provided, that no ordinance shall be enacted inconsistent with the general laws of this state, the State Constitution or this Charter.

Section 9. The City of Ada shall have power, within and without its territorial limits, to construct, condemn and purchase, acquire, lease, improve, add to, maintain and conduct and operate in whole or in part, Water Works, Light Plants, Telephone Systems, Power Plants, Transportation Systems, Heating Plants, Incinerating Plants, and any other public utilities or works or ways local in use, and everything required therefor for the use of said city and the inhabitants thereof, and any such systems, plants, works or ways or any contracts in relation thereto or in connection therewith that may exist and which said city may desire to purchase in whole or in part may be purchased or acquired in whole or in part, by said city which may enforce such purchase by proceedings at law or in equity by right of eminent domain, and said city shall have the power to issue bonds upon the vote of the taxing electors at any special or general election in any amount necessary to carry out any of said powers or purposes, said amount being limited only by the Constitution and the laws of the State of Oklahoma, and by other provisions in this Charter.

Section 10. Said city may receive bequests and gifts of all kinds of property in fee simple or in trust for charitable and public purposes, and perform all acts necessary to carry out the purposes of said gifts, bequests, or trusts, with power to manage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same in accordance with the terms of such gift, bequest or trust.

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Section 12. All existing ordinances of the city not inconsistent with this Charter or inapplicable under the altered form of municipal government provided by this Charter, shall be and continue in full force and effect until amended or repealed or until they expire by their own limitations, and no existing right, action (civil or penal), suit, proceedings, or contracts, shall be affected by the change in the form of government of the city, but all shall continue as though no such change had taken place; and all debts, penalties and forfeitures which have accrued, or which may hereafter accrue by virtue of anything heretofore done or existing, shall inure to the benefit of the city and may be sued for and recovered by said city as though this Charter had not been adopted. Nothing herein, however, shall legalize or make legal any invalid indebtedness of the city heretofore contracted or incurred, or impair any defense against the payment of the same; nor shall the adoption of this Charter in any wise interfere with any proceedings heretofore instituted relating to the levy and collection of taxes, special assessments, or levies of any nature, or with any proceedings to enforce the payment of the same, and all contracts heretofore entered into by the city shall remain in full force and effect and be completed under ordinances existing at the time of the adoption of this Charter.

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Section 16. The Legislative, Executive and Judicial powers of the city shall extend to all matters of local and municipal government, it being the intent hereof that the specification of particular powers by any other provision of this Charter shall never be construed as limiting or impairing the effect of the general grant of powers hereby made.

General Grant of Powers Not Limited.

Section 6. The Mayor, as such, shall be the chief executive officer of the city, and shall have the honor of the Mayor.

Section 7. The Mayor, as Commissioner of Public Safety, shall be at the head of the Department of Health, Peace and Safety, and he shall have supervision of the Fire Department, Police Department, Health Department, and the Departments of Sanitation. He shall see, except as may be herein otherwise provided, that the laws and ordinances of the city and the resolutions and orders of the Board of Commissioners are enforced; that the peace and good order of the city are preserved, and that the persons and property therein are protected. He shall be the custodian of the City Hall and City Jail, and shall perform such other duties not inconsistent herewith, as may be hereinafter prescribed, or by the Board of Commissioners from time to time imposed.

Section 8. The Commissioner of Accounting and Finance shall have charge of the Department of Accounting and Finance, which shall include the collection of all special taxes, rents, licenses, fees, and all revenues of the city, from whatsoever source derived. He shall have charge of all bond issues, assessments, printing and city fiscal affairs generally. He shall be the purchasing agent for the city, and, subject to the direction of the Board of Commissioners, shall purchase all supplies and make all contracts for city printing. He shall be clerk of the Board of Commissioners, and as such, perform such duties as usually devolve upon a City Clerk and shall perform such other duties, not inconsistent herewith, as the Board of Commissioners may from time to time prescribe. He shall also be the City Treasurer and have custody of the funds of the city, and shall pay out the same only upon the order of the Board of Commissioners, duly signed and attested. He shall invest the funds of the city only in such securities as are provided by the Constitution and laws of the State of Oklahoma, for the investment of school funds of the city, and such investments shall be made only upon the direction of the Board of Commissioners, and all uninvested funds shall be deposited in the City Depository or Depositories in the City of Ada.

Section 9. The Commissioner of Public Works and Public Property shall have charge of and be superintendent of the Department of Public Works and Public Property, which shall include water works, parks, libraries, cemeteries, public service corporations operating under a city franchise, the opening, grading, paving, lighting, cleaning, repairing and sprinkling of streets; sewer, viaduct and bridge construction, sidewalks and crossings, and the City Engineering Department, and shall have charge of all other public property not delegated to other departments. He shall perform such other duties, not inconsistent herewith, as the Board of Commissioners may, from time to time, prescribe.

Section 10. The Board of Commissioners shall have power to assign duties not specifically named above to any Department or Other Department.

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be approved by the other two Commissioners; and each of said Commissioners shall give such additional bond, as the Board of Commissioners may, by Ordinance, require, the cost of such additional bond to be paid by the city; and all other officers and employees shall give such bond as may be required by Ordinance.

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ment to another Commissioner and another department.

Section 11. Each of the Commissioners provided for in this Charter shall be required to engage in the actual work of the office and discharge of the duty imposed upon him to the extent that his services may be necessary for the full discharge thereof, and failure to do so shall be grounds for his removal. At all times he shall have the actual management and control as superintendent and director in the affairs of his department, and shall be responsible therefor.

Section 12. Each Commissioner shall not only be held responsible by the people for the prompt, faithful and efficient performance of the work of his special department, but he shall also be held directly responsible for his vote upon any action taken by the Board. It shall be the duty of each Commissioner to keep himself informed as to all matters affecting the interests of the city, to the end that his vote on any ordinance or resolution passed, or any appointment confirmed, or on any contract let, shall insure, honest, economical and efficient government.

Section 13. Each Commissioner shall fully and in writing report monthly to the Board, the condition of his department, which report shall be filed and preserved; and the Board may at any time, request from any of said Commissioners, or from any officer or employee of the city, specific information on any municipal matter with which he may be connected, and may require the presence of any officer or employee before the Board to answer such questions as may be put to him touching the matters pertaining to his office or employment.

Section 14. Any person, firm or corporation, feeling aggrieved at the decision or action of any one of the Commissioners in the transaction of the business of his department, shall have the right to appeal from said decision to the Board of Commissioners, by serving written notice of such appeal upon said Commissioner within five days from the time of such decision or action.

Section 15. The Board of Commissioners shall at their first meeting or as soon as practicable thereafter elect by a majority vote, a City Attorney and City Physician.

That the Board may employ a firm of Attorneys to perform the duties imposed upon the City Attorney; also a City Physician who shall be a licensed physician and shall have been engaged in actual practice in the State of Oklahoma for at least three years immediately preceding his appointment. All other appointive officers shall be nominated by the heads of the department under which their duties mainly fall, and confirmed by a majority vote of the Board of Commissioners, and all other employees shall be employed by the Commissioner in whose department their services may be required, and such Commissioner shall be responsible therefor; Provided, that all officers and employees shall hold their respective positions at the will and pleasure of the power appointing them.

Section 16. All salaries and wages to be paid employees of the city, except as otherwise provided herein, shall be fixed by ordinance; and no appointive officer shall receive any further compensation from the city than the salary attaching to his position at the time of his appointment. No person shall be permitted to draw more than one salary from the city for any and all services; and all fees shall be accounted for by the proper officer, and turned over to the Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.

Section 17. The appointive officers and all employees of the city shall be selected by the Board of Commissioners with reference to their qualifications and fitness, and for the good of the public service and without regard to their political affiliations. It shall be unlawful to hold party caucuses or primaries for the purpose of nominating any employee to be selected by such Commissioners, and any person who shall solicit or accept a party nomination for any office to be filled by said Commissioners shall be thereby rendered ineligible for such office or for any other office under the city for a period of one year thereafter.

Section 18. No person who is a relative, by blood or marriage, of any of the Commissioners or of any of the heads of departments, shall be appointed to any office or employment under the city. It shall be unlawful for any candidate for office, or any officer or employee of the city, directly or indirectly, to give, or promise to give to any person or persons any office, employment, or anything of value, for the purpose of influencing or obtaining support, aid, influence or vote of any person or persons, and the doing of any of which shall be grounds for removal from office of any such officer or employee.

Section 19. The Board of Commissioners shall by ordinance create the position for each permanent employee and fix the compensation therefor; Provided, that any employee of the city in any department thereof may be required to perform services in any other department.

Section 20. No Commissioner shall be appointed to any office created by the Board of Commissioners until one year after his term of office as Commissioner shall have expired.

Section 21. The receiving, directly or indirectly, by any officer of said city for his own use and benefit, or any other use or purpose than is authorized and provided in this Charter and the laws of the State, of any interest, profit or perquisite arising from the use or loan of public funds in his hands or to be raised through his agency or department for city purposes, shall be deemed sufficient cause to forfeit his office, and the person convicted of so receiving same shall then and there forfeit his office, and be thereafter disqualified to hold any office in the city.

Section 22. The City Depository or Depositories, shall be the bank or banks of the city, making the highest and best bid therefor; said bids shall be competitive and sealed, and shall stipulate a contract for the amount of interest to be charged for loans and overdrafts of the city, and the amount of interest to be paid on daily balances of the city with such bank or banks; Provided, that the interest on such daily balances shall not be less than three per centum per annum, and the Board of Commissioners shall determine which is the best bid or bids, and shall designate as City Depository or Depositories, the bank or banks making the best competitive bids.

Section 23. The City Depository or Depositories shall secure all deposits by giving a good and sufficient bond with some surety company or companies, to be approved by the Board of Commissioners. Said bond shall be in the sum of the probable maximum deposits of the city at any one time with such Depository or Depositories, and a new bond may be exacted by the Board of Commissioners at any time when the existing bond shall be deemed insufficient; Provided, that the Board of Commissioners shall have power to take from such Depositories or any of them, in lieu of such bond, any outstanding bonds or warrants of the city, legally issued and properly assigned, to be held by the Commissioner of Accounting and Finance as collateral security, and to the extent of the par value of such warrants or bonds of the city, said Depository or Depositories shall be relieved from such surety bond.

Section 24. The Board of Commissioners shall have power to purchase and acquire any property, real or personal, which it deems to be the best interests of the city, and shall have power to sell and dispose of any property, real or personal, now or hereafter owned by the city, but the power herein granted shall at all times be subject to the following limitations, viz:

(1) When the value of the property sought to be purchased or sold does not exceed the sum of \$1,000.00, the Board of Commissioners is authorized, by unanimous vote, to make such purchase or sale.

(2) When the value of the property sought to be purchased or sold exceeds the sum of \$1,000.00, but does not exceed the sum of \$3,000.00, the same shall not be purchased or sold until thirty days after an ordinance or resolution providing for such purchase or sale shall be duly passed and published. If during the thirty days, a sufficient referendum petition thereon has not been filed with the Board, then the Board may make

such purchase or sale. If within thirty days a sufficient referendum petition has been filed, the question shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the city in accordance therewith, and in such case the Board of Commissioners shall make such purchase or sale only after being duly authorized by a majority vote of the electors voting at such election.

(3) When the value of the property to be purchased or sold exceeds the sum of \$3,000.00, the question of its purchase or sale shall be first submitted to the electors of the city at an election called for that purpose, and the question submitted thereat shall be substantially: "Shall the Board of Commissioners of the City of Ada purchase, or sell, (as the case may be), the following described property, viz: (description of property); and if the majority of the votes cast in said election shall be in the affirmative, then the Board of Commissioners shall have the power thereby conferred, and not otherwise.

Section 25. The Board of Commissioners shall by ordinance create the position for each permanent employee and fix the compensation therefor; Provided, that any employee of the city in any department thereof may be required to perform services in any other department.

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such purchase or sale.

tion, such ordinance shall be void only as to so much of the ordinance as may not be clearly expressed in the title thereof.

Section 7. All ordinances passed by the Board of Commissioners, except emergency ordinances, shall take effect and become valid and binding on the expiration of thirty days from the date of their passage, unless otherwise provided in this Charter.

Section 8. No ordinance, except an emergency ordinance, shall be enacted on the day of its introduction; but all ordinances, except emergency ordinances, after being introduced shall lie over for at least one week before being finally voted on and adopted.

Section 9. The Board of Commissioners, by unanimous vote, may pass an emergency ordinance when the public peace, public health or public safety shall, in the judgment of the Board, demand it. Every emergency ordinance must, as a part of the title, contain the words: "And Declaring An Emergency," and every such ordinance shall, in a separate section, state such emergency and provide that such ordinance shall take effect and be in full force immediately upon its passage.

Section 10. Except as otherwise provided by the Constitution and laws of the State, all ordinances, except emergency ordinances, shall be published in some newspaper of general circulation in the City of Ada, such publication to be within ten days from the passage of the ordinance.

Section 11. Every ordinance passed by the Board of Commissioners shall be correctly enrolled by the Clerk of the Board within the next succeeding five days, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and the enrolled copy compared with the ordinance by the City Attorney and, both the Clerk and City Attorney shall endorse on the enrolled copy the words, "Correctly Enrolled," with the date thereof and subscribe their names thereto.

Section 12. The people of the City of Ada reserve to themselves, the power to propose ordinances and amendments to this Charter and to enact or reject the same at the polls independent of the Board of Commissioners, and also reserve the power at their own option to approve or reject at the polls any ordinance of the Board of Commissioners; Provided, that the exercise of the powers herein reserved shall be in the form prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State.

Section 13. The Board of Commissioners shall determine its own rules of procedure, may punish its members for disorderly conduct and compel attendance at its meetings.

Section 14. The Board of Commissioners shall have power, on recommendation of the Municipal Court, to remit fines and grant pardons after conviction in the Municipal Court.

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shall not exceed \$100.00 for any one specific offense.

Section 4. The Municipal Court shall provide in all judgments of conviction for the violation of any ordinance of the city a fine, and that the person against whom said fine is assessed shall be imprisoned until the fine and costs of prosecution shall be paid. And any person committed for the non-payment of fine and costs, or either, while in custody, may be compelled to work on the streets, alleys and public grounds of the city until such fine and costs are paid.

Section 5. All fines, penalties, forfeitures and collections made by said Municipal Court shall be the property of the city and shall be immediately deposited with the Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.

Section 6. The Mayor, as Judge of the Municipal Court, shall maintain his office in the City Hall, and shall keep a record of said Court and of the proceedings in and the disposition of each case therein.

Section 7. The Style of all process of the Municipal Court, shall run in the name of the City of Ada.

Section 8. The Board of Commissioners may provide by ordinance for separate imprisonment from other prisoners, of minors under the age of sixteen years, and for the trial of said minors at different times from other trials. And said Board of Commissioners shall also provide by ordinance all rules and regulations necessary for the prompt and efficient conduct of the business of said Municipal Court, not inconsistent with this Charter.

Section 9. In all criminal cases before the Municipal Court, an appeal may be taken to the County Court, but no such appeal shall be allowed unless the defendant, within ten days, shall enter into a recognizance with good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Municipal Judge, conditioned for the personal appearance of the appellant before the County Court of the county, on the first day of the next term thereafter, or if the case be a civil one, conditioned that the appellant will prosecute the appeal to effect without delay and will pay such judgment as may be rendered against him, including all costs, or if the appeal be dismissed, that he will pay the judgment rendered in the lower court. In civil cases, the bond shall be in double the amount of the judgment and costs; Provided, that in no case shall the bond be less than Fifty Dollars; Provided further, that no appeal bond shall be required when the city prosecutes the appeal.

Section 10. In all cases of breach of any bond of recognizance entered into before the Municipal Court, the same shall be declared forfeited by the Judge of the Municipal Court, and the City Attorney shall cause the same to be prosecuted against the principal and sureties, or the sureties alone. Such action shall be in the name of the City as plaintiff, and may be prosecuted in any court of competent jurisdiction, on a transcript of the proceedings of said Court. All moneys recovered in such action shall be paid to the Commissioner of Accounting and Finance, to be by him applied to the general fund or the school fund of the city as may be by ordinance required.

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Primary Nominations. Commissioners are to be elected under the provisions hereof, shall be

Section 3. Any person desiring to become a candidate for Commissioner of any of the departments of the City of Ada, shall, at least ten days prior to said primary election, file with the Secretary of the County Election Board, a statement of such candidacy in substantially the following form:

"State of Oklahoma, County of Pontotoc, ss. I, _____, being duly sworn, say that I reside at No. _____ (street or avenue) _____, City of Ada, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma; that I am a qualified voter and property tax-payer therein and have been for more than two years; that I am a candidate for the nomination for the office of Commissioner of _____ for the City of Ada, to be voted upon at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of _____, 19____, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot, as signed below, for nomination by such primary election for such office.

(Signed) _____ Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 19____. (Some authorized officer to administer the oath.)

Section 4. Immediately upon the expiration of the time of filing the statements and petitions of candidacy, the Secretary of the County Election Board shall cause to be posted in a conspicuous place in the City Hall, for a period of three days, the form of the primary ballot with the names of the candidates appearing thereon arranged under the name of the office for which they are candidates. The Secretary of the County Election Board, after the expiration of said time, shall cause the primary ballots to be printed as provided herein, each of which ballots shall be authenticated with the words "Official Ballot," "Attest," printed in the lower right hand corner of said ballot, and with a fac-simile of the signature of such secretary.

Section 5. Upon said ballots the names of the candidates for Commissioners shall be first placed under the words: "For Commissioner of Public Justice and Safety," followed by the instruction: "Vote for One," with a square at the left of each name; following these names shall appear the names of the candidates for the other two Commissioners, under the words, "For Commissioner of Accounting and Finance," and the instruction, "Vote for One," with a square at the left of each name, and under the words, "For Commissioner of Public Works and Property," and the instruction "Vote for One," with a square at the left of each name. The ballot shall be printed upon plain white paper and shall be headed:

"Candidate for Nomination for Commissioners of the City of Ada, at the Primary Election _____ (date) _____"

but shall have no party designation or mark whatsoever to indicate political preference. The ballots shall be in substantially the following form:

"(Place a cross in the square preceding the name of the person you favor as candidate for the respective positions.)"

OFFICIAL BALLOT. Candidate for Nomination for Commissioner of the City of Ada, Oklahoma, at the Primary Election, _____ (Date) _____

For Commissioner of Public Justice and Safety (Vote for One.) X _____ (Name of Candidate).

For Commissioner of Accounting and Finance (Vote for One.) X _____ (Name of Candidate).

For Commissioner of Public Works and Property (Vote for One.) X _____ (Name of Candidate).

Official Ballot, Attest: _____ Fac-simile of Signature.

Secretary of County Election Board. Having caused said ballots to be printed as provided herein, the said Secretary of the County Election Board shall cause to be delivered to each election precinct in said City a number of said ballots equal to one and one-half times the number of votes cast in such precinct at the last preceding general municipal election for any one Commissioner. The persons who are qualified to vote at the general municipal election shall be qualified to vote at each primary election. The general election laws

of the State applicable to cities of the First Class are hereby extended in force except as modified herein, and to the extent of such modification, said State laws are hereby suspended.

Section 6. The election board of each voting precinct of said city shall immediately upon the closing of the polls, count the voted ballots and ascertain the number of votes cast in such precinct for each candidate voted for, and make return thereof to the County Election Board, upon proper blanks to be furnished by said Board, within six hours after the closing of the polls. On the day following the said primary election, the said County Election Board shall publicly canvass said returns so received from all the voting precincts and shall ascertain and publish the result thereof. A copy of said published result certified to by the Election Board, shall constitute a certificate of nomination which shall be delivered to the successful candidates at such primary election. And the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes for Commissioner of Public Justice and Safety shall be the candidates and the only candidates whose names shall be placed upon the ballot, as provided herein, for the Commissioner of Public Justice and Safety at the next succeeding general municipal election; and the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes for Commissioner of Accounting and Finance shall be the candidates and the only candidates whose names shall be placed upon the ballot for Commissioner of Accounting and Finance at the next succeeding general municipal election; and the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes for Commissioner of Public Works and Property shall be the candidates and the only candidates whose names shall be placed upon the ballot for Commissioner of Public Works and Property at the next succeeding general municipal election. Provided, that in the event any candidate, entitled under the foregoing provisions to become a candidate at the next succeeding general municipal election, shall become ineligible, or decline to allow his name to appear upon the official ballot, the candidate for such office standing next in order in the computation of votes shall succeed to his rights with respect thereto; and provided further, that in the event any candidate shall receive a majority of all the votes cast for the office for which he is a candidate, he shall be the candidate and the only candidate whose name shall be placed upon the ballot for such office at the next succeeding general municipal election.

Section 7. The general municipal election shall be held and conducted, the ballots arranged, printed and distributed and the returns thereof made in the manner and within the same time as is provided herein for primary elections. In the event of a tie between two candidates for any office at said general election they shall cast lots to determine who shall be elected thereto. The ballots to be voted at said municipal election shall be substantially in the following form:

GENERAL ELECTION. _____ (Date) _____ City of Ada.

Candidate for Commissioner of Public Justice and Safety. (Vote for One.) XXX _____ (Name of Candidate) Candidate for Commissioner of Accounting and Finance. (Vote for One.) XXX _____ (Name of Candidate) Candidate for Commissioner of Public Works and Property. (Vote for One.) XXX _____ (Name of Candidate)

OFFICIAL BALLOT, ATTEST: _____ (Fac-simile of Signature) Secretary of County Election Board.

Section 8. Any person who shall perform or agree to perform any service in the interest of any candidate for any office provided for in this Charter, in consideration of any money or other valuable thing, shall be, upon conviction thereof, punished by a fine not exceeding Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) and by imprisonment in the City Jail not exceeding thirty (30) days.

Section 9. Sample ballots shall be posted at each and every polling place in said city at every election therein.

ARTICLE VI. RECALL. Section 1. The holder of any elective office under this Charter may be removed by the qualified voters of the city. A petition asking the recall of the person

sought to be removed, signed by ten qualified voters who are freeholders of the city, shall first be filed in the office of one of the Commissioners not affected by said petition. Said petition shall state the grounds upon which the removal of the Commissioner affected is sought in not more than two hundred words, and immediately upon being filed a certified copy thereof shall be prepared and delivered to the Commissioner affected, who may, within three days thereafter, file his reply thereto in not more than four hundred words. After said petition and the answer thereto has been filed, or, if no answer is filed within three days after a copy of the petition has been served on the Commissioner affected, then, after three days from the date of the service of said copy, said petition shall be published in full in one or more daily newspapers of general circulation in said city for a period of ten days, and during such publication any qualified registered voter of the city shall have the privilege of presenting himself at the office of said Commissioner in which said petition is filed, and there, in the presence of said Commissioner, sign said petition, giving his correct name, number of his residence, or, if his residence is not numbered, the number of the lot and block, and length of time he has been a resident of the city; Provided, that when a petition for recall has been so filed in the office of any Commissioner, it shall be the duty of said Commissioner to advertise, along with said petition, the hours during which he will be in his office to receive signers to said petition; and provided further, that it shall be the duty of said Commissioner to be present in his office during at least eight hours per day, during the ten days in which said petition is being published as provided herein. If an answer be filed to said petition it shall be published at and for the same length of time and in the same paper or papers in which said petition for removal is published, and said answer shall be sworn to. The said petition shall set forth a statement in detail of the grounds for which the removal is sought, and shall be subscribed and sworn to, as provided herein, before some officer authorized to administer oaths, and after being filed, as provided herein, shall be signed by qualified voters equal in number to at least thirty per centum of the highest number of votes cast for the office of any Commissioner at the last preceding municipal election. At the end of the time for the signing of said petition, as provided herein, the said Commissioner in charge shall make his certificate as to the genuineness of each signature attached in his office, and shall immediately thereafter deliver said completed petition to the other Commissioner, whereupon the two Commissioners not affected by said petition shall compose the Board of Commissioners and shall proceed as provided in this Charter. In the event petitions for the recall of two Commissioners are filed at the same time, the other Commissioner is authorized to receive, publish, receive signatures to and otherwise handle said petitions, acting himself in the capacity of the said Board of Commissioners, as provided herein. In the event two or more petitions for the recall of Commissioners are filed, the first petition filed shall be acted upon first.

Section 2. When any petition for the recall of any Commissioner has been filed, published, certified to and delivered as provided herein, it shall be the duty of said Commissioner to whom said petition has been delivered to immediately call a meeting of the Board of Commissioners, as provided herein, and it shall be the duty of said Board of Commissioners to ascertain whether or not said petition contains a sufficient number of signatures, as provided herein, by checking same with the last registration list, and if said petition contains sufficient legal signatures, it shall be the duty of said Board of Commissioners to order and fix a date for holding said election petitioned for, not less than thirty days from the date of the Commissioner's certificate to the Board of Commissioners. If said petition shall be found to contain less than the required number of signatures, the said Board of Commissioners shall make a finding to that effect, and shall cause said finding to be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the City of Ada.

Section 3. The form of ballot at such special election shall be as follows: "Shall _____ (Name of officer) be removed from the office of _____ (Name of office)?"

.....YesNo The voter who desires to vote for the removal of the officer, shall stamp the square to the left of

the word "Yes." The voter who desires to vote for the retention in office of the officer shall stamp in the square to the left of the word "No." If a majority of the duly qualified electors voting at such special election shall vote "Yes" upon the official canvassing and announcing of the vote, the officer shall be removed and his office vacant.

Section 4. Said election shall be called and conducted and the result announced in all respects as other city elections. The successor of any officer so recalled or removed, shall hold office during the unexpired term of his predecessor.

Section 5. Whenever the Board of Commissioners shall order an election on any recall petition, it shall be the duty of said Board to call a primary election for the same date; said call for said primary election to recite that an election is to be held on a recall petition, asking for the removal of _____ (Name of officer) _____ from the office of _____ (Name of office) _____, that the two candidates receiving the highest total number of votes cast in said primary election will be the candidates to be voted for to fill said vacancy at an election to be called within five days and to be held within twenty days from the final announcement of the vote on the recall petition. Said primary election shall be called and conducted and the result declared as provided by law for the holding of primary elections, when not in conflict with the provisions of this Charter.

Section 6. The election to fill any vacancy caused by death, resignation, removal or recall shall be held as provided for city elections in this Charter.

Section 7. If any election is held on a recall petition, and a primary election is also called, as provided herein, and no candidate files for a place on the primary ticket, then in the event that said Commissioner is recalled in said election, it shall be the duty of the Board of Commissioners to elect and commission a duly qualified elector as provided herein for the office of Commissioner, to fill out the unexpired term of the Commissioner recalled.

Section 8. No recall petition shall be filed against any officer until he shall have held his office for at least six months, nor within six months after an election has been held upon a previous petition for recall of same officer.

Section 9. No person who has been recalled from office, or who has resigned from such office while recall proceedings were pending against him, shall be appointed to any office or employment of the city within one year after such recall or resignation.

ARTICLE VII. REVENUE. Section 1. On or before the First Monday in June of each year, or at such other times as the Board of Commissioners may require, the heads of all departments shall file with the Secretary of the Board a careful estimate in writing of the amounts required for the business and proper conduct of their respective departments during the next ensuing fiscal year, specifying same and the objects thereof in detail. On the Third Monday in June of each year, or at such other times as the Board of Commissioners by ordinance may require, the Secretary of the Board shall submit to the Board of Commissioners an estimate in detail of the City government for the next ensuing year, including amounts needed to meet interest and sinking funds for outstanding bonded indebtedness. The Board of Commissioners shall thereupon prepare a budget comprising all such estimated amounts found necessary to pay the probable expenditures of the city for the next ensuing fiscal year, and shall on or before the First Tuesday in July of each year certify said amount to the Excise Board of Pontotoc County, as the basis for the "City Levy" for said city for the fiscal year; Provided, that said estimate shall also include the necessary amount to create a sinking fund to be used; First, for the payment of interest coupons as they fall due; second, for the payment of bonds as they fall due; Third, for the payment of such parts of judgments as

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THE EVENING NEWS LIVED ON

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BYRON NORRELL, Vice-President and Editor
A. B. YEAGER, Sec. Treas. and Business Manager

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Address All Letters to the News Publishing and Printing Company

Any erroneous reflection on the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The News will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

Obituaries and Resolutions of Respect of less than 100 words will be published free. For all matter in excess of 100 words a charge of one cent per word will be made. Count your words and remit with manuscript.



ANNOUNCEMENTS

The News is authorized to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the offices named, subject to the action of the Democratic primary in August.

For Register of Deeds:
D. W. SWAFFAR
GARY KITCHENS
WILMER B. JONES

For County Clerk:
J. W. WESTBROOK
A. L. MILES
M. F. DEW.

For Sheriff,
L. E. MITCHELL (Re-election.)

For Clerk of District Court:
FRANK HUDDLESTON
A. D. TANNER

For County Assessor:
NICK HEARD

For County Superintendent:
T. W. ROBISON
W. T. MELTON
T. F. PIERCE (Re-election.)

For County Treasurer,
RIT ERWIN (Re-Election.)

For County Weigher:
JOHN WARD
SHERWOOD HILL (Re-election)

For Justice of the Peace, Ada, Precinct:
H. J. BROWN
T. O. CULLINS

For Co. Commissioner, Dist. No. 1:
HENRY KROTH
M. L. HUNT

For Co. Commissioner, Dist. No. 2:
GEO. W. MONTGOMERY
(Re-Election)

For County Judge:
CONWAY O. BARTON
(Re-election)

The trouble with the world is that too many are inclined to look upon labor as a curse and idleness as the goal of any man's ambition. A suit of

NOTICE!

We have moved our Tailor Shop from West Main to 3rd door East of P. O.
Your Patronage Solicited.

Miller Bros.

JNO. D. RINARD, Pres. LEEDAGGS, V.-Pres. C. T. ANGEL, Sec. Tr.
Lee Daggs
Gale Statler
W. P. Chism, (Francis)
C. T. Angel
Directors

Pontotoc County Abstract Comp'y

(INCORPORATED)

Money to Loan on Productive Real Estate.

YOU GET ALL YOU BORROW

Good rates, easy terms, no delay after title is approved. Abstracts of title made to all lands and city property in Pontotoc County.

We will give you the best service-- prompt and accurate

Phone 123--Office: REAR OF FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

RAW EGGS

Mr. Richard's Experience With Different Diets. Peaches and Buttermilk for Three Years.

Cecilton, Md.—Mr. George Richards, of this place, during the past 12 years, has probably tried more different diets than the average person would ever use in a lifetime.

What he has to say about his experiments, must therefore be highly interesting to anyone suffering from indigestion or stomach troubles of any kind.

He says: "For more than 12 years, I suffered with stomach troubles, and paid hundreds of dollars for doctor bills and medicines. I was also operated on for piles.

I lived on dried peaches and buttermilk for nearly three years. The only thing that would not give me pain was raw eggs. I was a physical wreck. I could not sleep, and was as near crazy as a man could well be.

I must say that after taking two 25-cent packages of Thedford's Black-Draught, it did me more good than all I ever spent for other medicines.

I have been working daily on the farm ever since, and I am as hard as iron. This purely vegetable remedy has been in successful use for more than 70 years. Try it. But be sure that it's "Thedford's."

HOUSE PASSES

INCOME TAX BILL

Washington, March 19.—The democratic excise bill to virtually tax everybody's income, when it is \$5,000 or more a year, passed the house Tuesday 250 to 48. The democrats voted solidly for it and carried eighty republican votes with them. Forty-eight republicans were the opposition.

The bill now goes to the senate where its fate is a guess. Many senators Tuesday declared that if upon an analysis they found the house measure would tax all classes of people alike they would support it. Democratic senators are expected to vote for it. Democratic Leader Martin expressed the hope that the democratic senators and the progressive republicans might put the bill through. Republican leaders are depending upon this to check the revenue revision bills from the house.

The excise bill, though primarily intended to produce anywhere from \$29,000,000 to \$60,000,000 a year to make up for the losses on free sugar, is also expected to be one of the off-sets to general pension legislation which seems sure to be enacted.

Democratic Leader Underwood held his majority intact through the passage of the bill. No one democratic vote was cast against it and the measure was passed exactly as framed.

A First Class SHAVE For 10c AT THE EUREKA Barber Shop
On Twelfth Street -- Three Door East of Post Office in the L. J. Little Bldg.

WANTS

FOUND—Bunch of keys. Owner can get same by calling at News office and paying for notice. 296-tf

FOR RENT—4-room house. Apply to Mrs. Shands. 296-tf

LOST—Tan pocket book containing \$16.00. Finder return to Homer E. Woods care Waples-Platter and receive reward. 296-3t*

EGGS—Buff Orpington, Missouri Best. Setting of 15 for \$1.50. Mrs. R. O. Wheeler, 409 West 14th St. Phone 455. 284-T&F&Wk

WANTED—A position with some business firm. Have had three years' experience as book-keeper and salesman for M. Walsh. V. Haley. 294-3t

FOR SALE—Five room house on W. 15th street. Best location in town. Going at a bargain. R. S. Tobin. 293-6td

FOR RENT—Sunrise, modern 6 room cottage. U. G. Winn. 286-dtf

FOR RENT—Modern six room house, garden and stable. C. T. Barney. 279-tf

FOR RENT—Five room cottage with bath, 16th and Townsend. J. T. Higgins. 275-tf

FOR RENT—Two furnished front rooms, one block from the city hall. Phone 397. Mrs. S. T. Williams. 265-tf

FOR RENT—6 room house on East 10th street, in same block with school building. Modern conveniences. R. E. Blanks. 255-tf

FOR RENT—Four room house. Inquire at Farmers State Bank. 246-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. S. J. White, 13th and Townsend. 223-tf

REALM OF APPLIED SCIENCE

How Work of Bureau of Standards in Cities Has Been Extended in Past Years.

The work of the bureau of standards has been greatly tended of late years, says the New York Herald. The operations of the office were at first limited for the most part to standards of length, mass, capacity and temperature, but the rapid progress of applied science created new demands which no institution was competent to satisfy.

Photometry, or the measurement of light, is a case in point. Thirty years ago it had no great commercial importance, but the extended use of electricity for lighting purposes, the discovery and manufacture of acetylene gas and the invention of numerous improvements in burners for ordinary illuminating gas have opened up a new field. Photometric apparatus is now necessary in hundreds, or even thousands, of factories.

Not only must the volume of light be accurately measured, but its chromatic composition must be determined. The most desirable light is, of course, that which comes nearest to sunlight in its color composition.

The pitch of tuning forks, of interest to manufacturers of musical instruments; the testing of optical surfaces, which is important to every one who wears glasses; the verification of thermometers, of gas, water and electric meters—in fact, the standardizing of all sorts of measures—are coming more and more within the scope of the bureau of standards.

PENALTIES FOR ODD CRIMES

Legislatures of States Have Provided Punishment to Fit All Sorts of Misdemeanors.

The legislatures of our various states, as well as the federal government itself, are forever busying themselves with the framing of new laws.

"I am fined for failure to provide good drinking water on my passenger trains," a Rhode Islander might say, to which a fellow railroader in South Carolina would add:

"In this state a jail sentence follows a neglect to provide cuspidors for every two seats in our cars."

A man in Virginia says: "I killed a partridge on the second day of February, for which I must serve time in jail."

In Wisconsin a baker must serve three weeks in jail for sleeping in his bakery.

In California nurses are punished by fine or imprisonment should they fail in the proper instance to notify the physician of certain phases of illness in their patients.

To water a bicycle path in the state of Ohio is an offence punishable by heavy fine and sometimes imprisonment.

In most of the states it is a penal offence to tap a telegraph wire or to sell kerosene that is not up to the fire test.

In various states men are fined or imprisoned for dropping advertising matter in letter chutes, for gambling by means of slot machines and for countless other offences the very means for committing which were unknown one hundred years ago.

Youngster "Stalled" Out of It. A member of the fire department has a small son named Francis. The son had been throwing snowballs at passing autos and his father, in company with another man, happened on the scene just as the boy had shied one at a passing vehicle.

The father grabbed the youthful offender with a firm resolve to administer what he thought the youngster needed. No sooner did he lay violent hands on Francis, however, than the latter set up awful wails and protestations of reform accompanied by a copious flow of tears. The fireman's heart softened and after making his son promise never to throw any more snowballs he let him go and went into the house.

No sooner was the parental back turned than the son turned to the man with a grin: "Gee, didn't I stall out of that easy!"—Indianapolis News.

Given Their Choice.

Clem Hoppe and a business associate had to wait in a junction town in Ohio for a train at about the time when they were perishing for food. They took a look at the hotel, didn't like it, and started out to find a restaurant. A small one loomed up on one street, and as they entered it Hoppe remarked: "In any dump like this the main idea is ham and eggs." They ordered ham and eggs, and the proprietor was half way to the kitchen when he came back and said: "I've just got some nice porterhouse steaks in." The travelers looked at each other for support and changed their minds. Replied the landlord: "What will you have—the 15 or the 20 cent ones?"

Congressional Library.

The Congressional Library at Washington contains 1,891,729 books. There are in the great building 118,165 maps and charts and 336,960 prints and engravings. The library building is said to be the finest in the United States, and from the architectural standpoint it is pronounced by many to be very near perfection. In addition to the mighty array of books, maps, charts and designs, the library contains files of most of the important daily newspapers in the country.

OFTEN MAKES A QUICK NEED FOR THE CURE THAT'S SURE

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS WHOOPING COUGH AND ALL TROUBLES OF THROAT AND LUNGS

PROMPT USE WILL OFTEN PREVENT PNEUMONIA AND CONSUMPTION

PRICE 50c and \$1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY Ramsey Drug Co.

LA FOLLETTE LEADS

IN NORTH DAKOTA

Fargo, N. D., March 19.—According to early figures from all parts of the State, United States Senator R. M. La Follette of Wisconsin today ran ahead of Theodore Roosevelt in the North Dakota presidential preference primary. Total figures in hand at the State Roosevelt headquarters at this time give La Follette 4,265 and Roosevelt 2,928 votes.

With these figures as a basis, John S. Bass, manager of the Roosevelt campaign, issued the following:

"Our reports indicate that practically all the democrats have voted for La Follette, and this has run up the early returns for him in the eastern and valley section of the state, where La Follette is running ahead, about 2 to 1. Our later returns from the Western Slope indicate that country is generally for Roosevelt by 2 to 1. I do not concede La Follette's success and predict that Roosevelt will win by a close vote. If the democrats had stayed is no question that Roosevelt would have won."

Leaders at La Follette State headquarters issued a statement in which they declared that La Follette had defeated Roosevelt by 20,000 votes.

PROFESSIONAL MEN

GRANGER & GRANGER DENTISTS. Phone No. 212. Residence Phone No. 259. Rooms 1 and 2, First Nat'l Bank Bldg. DR. B. B. DAWSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON— Office Over M. & P. Bank. Phones : : : 318 and 357 S. P. ROSS Physician and Surgeon Office Aldrich Bldg., Phone 35; Residence 225 E. 17th St., Phone 235. J. R. CRAIG PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Over Ada National Bank. Phone Nos.— Office, 59; Res. 251 Z. B. SANDERS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Office—Rooms 1 and 2, Carney-Pranger New Block on Townsend. C. A. GALBRAITH ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Office:—Second Floor Oklahoma State Bank Building. J. P. Crawford Jas. W. Bolen CRAWFORD & BOLEN LAWYERS. At the Front over the Oklahoma State Bank, Ada, Okla.	DR. T. W. CHADWICK Veterinary Surgeon. Treats all Domestic Animals. Hospital West 12th St. Phones—Hospital, 266. Res. 15. ADA, OKLAHOMA J. E. Webb C. H. Ennis WEBB & ENNIS Lawyers. Office of City Attorney. City Hall H. J. BOWLES DENTIST Rooms 1 and 2 New Aldrich Building opposite Postoffice. Phone: Office No. 35. Res. No. 219. M. W. LIGON Physician and Surgeon Office in First National Bank Bldg. DR. J. W. VINCISH Physician Office with Drs. Ligon & King Phones—Residence 191; Office 71 DRS. BINGHAM Cure Without Drugs. 100-102 East Main St. Phone 182 Drs. Faust & Hartman Office and Hospital, Conn Building Phone 80
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Geo. A. Harrison Edward Harrison J. F. Floyd

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Buy and sell Farm and City Property. Make a specialty of Rental Property. List your property with us. See us when you want to buy, sell, rent, or have something to rent. We also have the best FIRE INSURANCE companies in the world. If you want a loan without delay, see us.

Loaned over \$100,000 in 1911

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With White Swan and Wapco Labels and Coupons. Phone or send a postcard for our Catalogue, which explains.

Waples Platter Grocer Co., Ada, Okla.

MAJESTIC

THE WORLD'S BEST PICTURES

VITAGRAPH FEATURE STORY.

"THE HOBO'S REDEMPTION"

A thrilling and dramatic view of actual life in the great coal regions of Pennsylvania. See how the hobo proves himself a hero and a man among men. It shows that even if a good man is on his uppers, you can't keep him down. See the awful cave-in and the thrilling rescue.

PATHE'S DRAMA.

"MARRIAGE OR DEATH"

A story of early days among the Mormons, founded on history. The story shows if there is anything meaner than a Mormon, it's another Mormon.

TOMORROW EDISON'S GREAT SPECIAL FEATURE.

"CHILDREN WHO LABOR"

Produced in co-operation with National Child Labor Committee. A picture every parent should see.

To-Night! AT THE DeSota!

101

BISON TWO-REEL FEATURE

"The Indian Massacre"

This is strictly a historical picture, and is undoubtedly one of the best ever produced. The scenery, etc., in this film is beautiful. Even better than "War on the Plains."

Our Own Orchestra

WILL PLAY NEW MUSIC EVERY NIGHT.

ALL FOR 5 AND 10 CENTS

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Smith Sells Furniture.

dtf

New Wall paper coming in all the colors at Holley's.

229-tf

Sam Hurst made a business trip to Milburn this morning.

Get the habit—Modern Gash Grocery—for less. Phone 198.

264-tf

Mrs. Martie Cloyd left this morning for Ardmore.

Little leaks make large water bills. Call 57. "Ford the Plumber."

278-1m

SEE JONES FOR DRAYAGE

All Orders Given Prompt Attention

HOUSEHOLD GOODS MOVING A SPECIALTY

THE MAIN POINT

Is Pleasing Qualities and Satisfactory Prices. We Have Both.

17 LBS. BEST GRANULATED SUGAR FOR \$1.00

3 lb. can Hominy, Kraut, Pumpkin, Apples and Plums—	8c	25c bottle Sour Pickles	19c
2 lb. can Tomatoes, Corn, Blk. Berries Strawberries—	8c	25c pkg. Banner Oatmeal	15c
20c jars Apollo Jelly	12c	Swift's Premium Hams, per lb.	16c
2 c Orange Marmalade	12c	15c can best Tomatoes	10c
20c Preserved Figs	12c	25c can Jack Frost Baking Powder, per can	19c
20c Red Currant Jelly	12c	Nice, fresh Lemons, per doz.	20c
20c jars Apple Butter	12c	Small bkt. red label Karo Syrup	25c
20c Manzanilla Olives	12c	Small bkt. Blue label Karo Syrup	20c
25c bottle Chow chow	19c	10 lb. bucket Pure Hog Lard	\$1.20
25c bottle Hot Relish	19c	\$1.25 canister Famous Louis Brand Coffee	\$1.00
25c bottle Sweet Relish	19c	10 pounds Jack Frost Lard	90c
25c bottle Pickled Onions	19c	10-pound bucket Crusto Lard	98c
25c bottle Sweet Pickles	19c	Bulk Crusto Lard, per pound	10c

PHONE 424

SANDERS & SON

114 MAIN ST.

THE SPOT CASH GROCERS

C the Palace Cafe window for all good things to eat. 296-2t

Serves You Right, Jones Drug 151-dtf

Curtis Hall and wife are the proud parents of a fine daughter, who arrived yesterday.

and degrees at Holley's.

229-tf

C. M. Wallace, organizer of the Maccabees, left this morning on a business trip to Fort Worth.

Finest line of chocolates in Ada at the Model Confectionery. 196-tf

You can't afford to miss the show at the Majestic this evening. It is simply great and will drive your cares away.

Magnolias, Cedrus Deodora and Evergreens for your cemetery lots at Milstead's Nursery. 295-6td*

A small boy who witnessed the play last evening, was heard to complain to his mother that he did not see any man on a box.

One look at Palace Cafe show window will settle your mind where to eat at. 296-2t

With a small amount of money you can own a nice home on 17th street on the hill. G. W. Hall. 297-3t*

Rev. C. Stubblefield returned this morning from Sasakwa, where he was called to conduct the funeral services of Mrs. Matthews.

Choice two year old Roses only 25c at Milstead's Nursery. Phone 749. 295-6td*

The De Sota theatre is improving all the time. The program for this evening will bear out this statement if any one doubts it.

Various kinds of paint at lowest prices at Dr. Holley's Drug Store. 229-tf

F. E. Beatty of Oklahoma City, secretary-treasurer of the Oklahoma National Life Insurance Co., was in town today settling the McElreath death claim.

All kinds of blank books, ledgers, etc. at Holley's. 229-tf

For anything to read go to the Model Confectionery or Harris Hotel Cigar Stand. 196-tf

M. C. Wilson, one of the proprietors of the new firm of Stephens-Wilson Co., has purchased the two lots on Main street and Stonewall in Donaghey addition, and will soon begin the erection of a substantial residence.

Cakwood's fresh country butter made by Johnson Bros. Modern Cash Grocery. 267-tf

The Ada Ice and Cold Storage Company, made their debut on the streets today, in the form of a big bright new ice wagon. It is a big yellow wagon of the advance style, which fact shows that this prosperous company are abreast of the times and the progress of the city.

When you need ice cream, phone us, for we have it on hand at all times. Purity Ice Cream Co.; phone 132. 261-7t-d

L. M. Leman, state feed inspector of the board of agriculture, is in the city today. He says that he finds that both the flour mill and oil mill are complying with the law and is especially well pleased with the quality of meal the Ada mill is turning out.

Phone 198 for Modern groceries at modern prices. 264-tf

Sherman Acres, the young negro who was arrested on charge of stealing some goods from two or three Ada stores, was tried before Justice Brown yesterday, and was given a sentence of 30 days on the road and a fine of \$10.

Alfalfa hay. Gray, W. Main. 296-1.*

Mr. Henry Roquemore, general press agent for the Latimore-Leigh theatrical attraction, one of which is the Man on the Box, which played here last night, in discussing the outlook of Oklahoma said that it certainly looked good for next season, although it was not so good this season. He was very complimentary about our town, he said it was the "biggest little town" he had played this season, in fact it was better than a lot of the larger places.

If you have a want, use our want column. Results are sure.

DATES SET FOR ORGANIZING CLUBS

In accordance with the resolution adopted at the last meeting of the Young Men's democratic club of Ada, attempts will be made to organize at the places named below, and the members named will be expected to be on hand and aid in effecting the organization of the clubs:

Roff, March 21, Jesse Warren, Stonewall, March 22, C. D. Tanner, Francis, March 24, Tom Oglesby, Fitzhugh, March 26, Albert Russell. Other dates will be announced later. All the above meetings will be held at 8 p. m.

The program for the meeting of the Ada club Tuesday evening will be announced in Friday's issue of the News. It is understood that a debate on the initiative and referendum and some music by the quartet will be features of the occasion, as well as some excellent addresses.

ANOTHER BLIZZARD

ON THE WAY

Chicago, Ill., March 19.—Just as the country had been lulled into the belief that spring had finally broken through the three months' steady onslaught of winter comes the formal announcement that another blizzard, forming in the Northwest, is leading south. Practically the entire country, including the uppermost Canadian points, has been enjoying two days of actual spring weather.

Tonight the temperature is falling in Chicago and the Great Lakes region at the rate of four degrees an hour.

Advices from the Northwest say the temperature there is as low as 25 below zero and that a rip-roaring blizzard is spreading to the southwest. It will probably strike the Great Lakes region by daylight Wednesday.

Primary Results at Muskogee.

Muskogee, Okla., March 19.—Muskogee city administration forces met defeat in the primaries today when a democratic ticket headed by State Representative Perry Miller, candidate for mayor, defeated Mayor Middleton for renomination.

Commissioners Fleming and Cook were defeated by Joe McCusker and J. W. Boen.

J. F. Darby is the republican nominee for mayor, and the republican nominees for commissioners are J. L. Haner and James.

Miller furnished the surprise of the day, polling 1,535 votes, while Mayor Middleton received only 815. C. B. Law the third mayorality candidate was given 390 votes.

Commissioner Cook was badly beaten by Boen, who was given 1,472 votes to Cook's 1,011.

Commissioner Fleming ran the best race for the administration, receiving 933 votes, while McCusker, who was looked upon as a "dark horse" received 1,059.

The primary election furnished the climax to the most bitter campaign ever waged by democrats in this city who were helped out by many republicans who voted the democratic ticket in the primaries today. There was only one contest among the republicans, that for commissioner from the second district, where there were three candidates.

The "open town" sentiment prevailed.

FOR AGED PEOPLE

Old Folks Should Be Careful in Their Selection of Regulative Medicine

We have a safe, dependable, and altogether ideal remedy that is particularly adapted to the requirements of aged people and persons of weak constitutions who suffer from constipation or other bowel disorders. We are so certain that it will relieve these complaints and give absolute satisfaction in every particular that we offer it with our personal guarantee that it shall cost the user nothing if it fails to substantiate our claims. This remedy is called Rexall's Orderlies.

Rexall Orderlies are eaten just like candy, are particularly prompt and agreeable in action, may be taken at any time, day or night; do not cause diarrhoea, nausea, griping, excessive looseness, or other undesirable effects. They have a very mild but positive action upon the organs with which they come in contact, apparently acting as a regulative tonic upon the relaxed muscular coat of the bowel, thus overcoming weakness, and aiding to restore the bowels to more healthy and vigorous activity. Three sizes, 10c, 25c, and 50c. Sold only at our store—the Rexall Store—Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

The First National Bank OF ADA

This is the time of the year when you may need a little help from your banker in the way of a loan. This bank is lending money every day to good farmer customers, both new and old, who offer satisfactory security, and it is our intention to continue to do this until crop selling time.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ADA, OKLAHOMA

DIRECTORS

P. A. Norris, F. J. Phillips, H. T. Douglas, W. C. Duncan, M. D. Timberlake.

NOTICE.

Notice to Property Owners Claiming Damage by Reason of the Passage of Ordinance Number Two Hundred Fifty Nine of the City of Ada.

Each property owner of the City of Ada, feeling aggrieved and claiming damage by reason of the vacation of parts of certain streets as set out in Ordinance number Two Hundred Fifty-nine, passed by the City Council of the City of Ada, on the 22nd day of January, 1912, is hereby notified that the undersigned, constituting the board of appraisers, created by Ordinance number Two Hundred Sixty-four, passed by the City Council of the City of Ada, on the fourth day of March, 1912, and approved by the Mayor of said City on the fifth day of March, 1912, have qualified as members of said board of appraisers by subscribing and filing with the City Clerk the oath provided in said ordinance number Two Hundred Sixty-four, and that said board of appraisers have organized by electing A. J. Deaton as chairman and R. E. Blanks as secretary of said board and that said board of appraisers will hold its first meeting for the purpose of taking up and hearing said claims, at the office of the Police Judge, in the City Hall, on Tuesday, March 19th, 1912, at ten o'clock A. M. of said day; and that each of said claimants are hereby notified to make out their claim in writing, specifying the lot and block owned by claimant and the amount of damage claimed by him and file said claim with R. E. Blanks the secretary of said board on or before the said 19th day of March, 1912, and that said claims will be filed by the secretary of said board and numbered consecutively in the order in which they are presented and will be taken up and considered by said board in the order in which they have been filed, and each claimant must support his claim by testimony of witnesses under oath, and each may appear by counsel. The City will be represented at said hearing by the City Attorney; and each of said claimants will please take notice that no claim that is not filed with the secretary on or before the said 19th day of March, 1912, will be considered by this board.

The sessions of the Board of appraisers will be held from ten o'clock A. M. to twelve o'clock (noon) and from two o'clock to five o'clock P. M.

commencing on the said 19th day of March, 1912, and continued from day to day, until all claims have been heard and passed upon.

Dated at Ada, Okla., this 7th day of March, 1912.

A. J. DEATON,

F. S. HOUP,

L. J. CROWDER,

HENRY COLLINS,

R. E. BLANKS, Sec'y.

287-10td Board of Appraisers.

NEWS STOCKHOLDERS AND DIRECTORS HOLD MEETING

The semi-annual meeting of stockholders and directors of the News Publishing and Printing Co. was held Tuesday afternoon.

The following directors were elected for the coming six months: A. B. Yeager, Miles C. Grigsby, Otis Weaver, Byron Norrell, John P. Crawford, C. A. Galbraith, Bailey M. Bobbitt.

At the meeting of the directors The old corps of officers was elected for the next half-year. A semi-annual dividend of five per cent was declared.

Heat is what you want when you buy Coal—not ashes and clinkers. The Coal you buy from us is handled by us simply because we have made a thorough investigation of the fuel question and know that the DEWAR Soft Lump Coal actually carries more heat units than coal from any other mines.

Remember if you get 1500 lbs. of lump coal and 500 lbs. of slack for a ton you have really only 1500 lbs. of coal as the slack is worthless to you. We would not let you have slack if you wanted it as we need it for our boilers, so be sure and get our prices before you buy.

ADA ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.
Phone No. 29.

Furniture Repaired

We are prepared to repair all Furniture. Bring it to Frank Jackson or Phone 438.



STANDARD VARNISH WORKS
ELASTICA
FLOOR FINISH

SPRING HOUSE-CLEANING

is not Spring house-cleaning unless you look after your floors. The easiest, surest, safest treatment for any uncarpeted floor, is one coat of ELASTICA Floor Finish. Whether your floors be of hard-wood or soft, painted or unpainted, or covered with oil cloth or linoleum, ELASTICA Floor Finish will not only beautify them, but render them mar-proof, spot-proof and "boy-proof."

You will find ELASTICA the most economical floor finish on the market.

Jones Drug Co. TWELFTH AND TOWNSEND

PROPOSED CHARTER FOR ADA

(Continued from Page Three.)

such municipality may by law be required to pay.

Section 2. For the purpose of erecting or improving public buildings or public property in said city, the rates of taxation herein

Public Building Tax. Limited may be increased when the rate of such increase and the purpose for which it is intended shall be submitted to a vote of the electors of said City, qualified to vote for such purpose, and a majority of the electors of said City qualified to vote for such purpose voting at such election shall vote therefor; Provided, that such increase shall not exceed five (5) mills on the dollar of the last assessed valuation of taxable property of said City.

Section 3. Said City, in addition to the authority hereinbefore given, is hereby authorized and empowered to refund its indebtedness, including bonds, judgments and warrants, as provided by the Constitution and laws of the State, upon such terms as can be agreed upon, and to issue new bonds with semi-annual interest coupons attached in payment of any fund so refunded, which bonds shall be sold at not less than par and shall not be for a longer period than twenty-five (25) years, shall not exceed in amount the actual amount of outstanding indebtedness inclusive of attached coupons and shall not draw a greater rate of interest than five (5) per cent per annum.

Section 4. No property of any kind, church, school or otherwise, shall be exempt from any of the special assessments authorized by this Charter, or the laws of the State of Oklahoma for local improvements.

Section 5. A sinking fund, as provided for by the Constitution and laws of the State of Oklahoma shall be levied and maintained in accordance therewith.

Section 6. All monies voted by the people for a special purpose, and the proceeds of all bonds voted for a special purpose, shall be kept in special funds, and applied only to the purpose for which they were voted; provided, that any surplus remaining in any such special fund after the purpose for which it was voted has been accomplished, may be transferred to the general fund of the City by an ordinance passed by the unanimous vote of the Board of Commissioners, which ordinance shall be subject to a referendum as provided herein.

Section 7. The Board of Commissioners may by ordinance provide that all other revenues of the city may be placed in one general fund, or in such funds as may be deemed expedient, and may provide, if there be more than one of such funds, for the transferring of money from one of such funds to another fund by unanimous vote of the Board.

Section 8. Until such time as the Board of Commissioners shall take action in accordance with the powers given it in the foregoing section, the laws of the State of Oklahoma relating to said subject matter applicable to cities of the First Class shall remain in force in the City of Ada.

ARTICLE VIII. AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. Any amendment to this Charter may be proposed by the Board of Commissioners, and each proposed amendment shall, with the year and date thereon, be entered in the journal and referred by the County Election Board to the people of the City of Ada for their approval or rejection at the next regular general election, except when the Board of Commissioners, by a unanimous vote, shall order a special election for the purpose. If a majority of all the electors voting at such election shall vote in favor of any amendment thereto, it shall thereby become a part of this Charter. If two or more amendments are proposed, they shall be submitted in such a manner that the electors may vote for or against them separately; Provided, that this section shall not impair the right of the people to amend this Charter by a vote upon an initiative petition therefor.

Section 2. No Board of Freeholders shall be called by the Board of Commissioners to propose alterations, revisions, or amendments to this Charter, or to propose a new

Charter, unless the ordinance providing for such Board of Freeholders shall first be approved by the people on a referendum vote at a regular or special election, and any amendment, alterations, revisions or new Charter, proposed by such Board of Freeholders, shall be submitted to the electors of the City of Ada at a general or special election and be approved by a majority of the electors voting thereon, before the same shall become effective; Provided, that the question of such proposed Board of Freeholders shall be submitted to the people at least once in every twenty years.

ARTICLE IX.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 1. All contracts pertaining to public improvements, maintenance of public property, public printing, purchase of supplies and all other contracts of whatsoever character, involving an outlay of as much as \$300.00 shall be made by the Board of Commissioners and shall be based upon specifications provided for the said Board. Such contracts shall be entered into only after advertisement not less than five times in a daily newspaper published in the city, inviting competitive bids. Such competitive bids shall be sealed and one copy of each bid shall be filed with the Clerk of the Board. Each bidder shall accompany his bid with a sworn statement, in writing, that the bidder has not directly, or indirectly, entered into any agreement, express or implied, with any other bidder, or bidders, having for its object the control of the price and amount of such bids, or limiting of the bids or bidders, parceling or farming out to any bidder or bidders or other persons, of any part of the contract or any part of the subject matter of the bid, or the parts thereof. No bidder shall divulge said sealed bid to any person whatever except those having a partnership or other financial interest with him in said bid, until after the said sealed bids are opened. The violation of any of the foregoing provisions on the part of the bidder shall make void any contract made by him with said city based upon such bid. The awarding of a contract upon a successful bid shall give the bidder no right of action or claim against the city upon such contract until the same shall have been reduced to writing and duly signed by the contracting parties. All bids filed with the Clerk of the Board shall be opened in the presence of the Board of Commissioners and shall remain on file in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Commissioners, two days before any contract shall be entered into based upon said bid. The Board of Commissioners shall consider the bids and may reject all bids and re-advertise for bids, or may have such work done under the supervision of the proper department and keep account of the expenses thereof. Pending advertisement and profiles shall remain on file in the office of the Clerk of the Board subject to the inspection of any person. For the safeguarding of the interests of the city, the Board of Commissioners shall make such regulations providing for the filing of the estimates of cost furnished them by the City Engineer as they deem best. The Board of Commissioners shall have power to require all bidders to make such bonds or cash deposits as they may deem proper to secure the performance of the contract.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the Board of Commissioners when the population of the City of Ada shall have reached Ten Thousand, to provide by ordinance for the creation of a Board of Civil Service Commissioners, which shall perform such duties as may be by ordinance provided.

Section 3. A Public Library is hereby created and the Board of Commissioners is authorized to provide for its maintenance. Said Public Library shall be under the management and control of the Library Board to consist of five members to be appointed by the Commissioner of Public Works and Property, and to serve without compensation. At least two members of said Board shall be women. The tenure of office of the members of said Board shall be two years unless sooner removed. The Library Board shall perfect its organization, adopt rules and regulations and otherwise manage and control said Public Library.

Section 4. In so far as practicable, home labor and home material when equal to other labor and material at the same cost, shall be given preference on all public works in the City of Ada, whether done by the City or any contractor or sub-contractor.

Section 5. All printed ordinances or codes of ordinances published by the authority of the Board of Commissioners, shall, in all judicial proceedings in all courts, be admitted as prima facie evidence, and in any such proceedings, it shall not be necessary to plead the entire ordinance or section, but only such parts thereof as are admitted in evidence.

Section 6. Every claim against the city must be approved by the Commissioner in whose department it originated, and be filed with the Clerk of the Board in writing, with a full account of all items thereof and must be subscribed by the claimant or his agent or attorney, who, on oath, shall declare that the same is correct, just, due and unpaid, and no claim or demand shall be allowed or suit filed thereon unless so prepared and filed, and unless suit shall be filed upon such claim within six months after the same shall have been filed with the Clerk of the Board, in writing, as above provided, such claims shall be forever barred.

Section 7. Any Commissioner shall be subject to removal from office in the manner and for the same cause or causes as provided by laws of the State of Oklahoma for removal of County Officers; it being the intent hereof to provide cumulative procedure and cause for removal.

Section 8. It shall be the official duty of every officer or person in the employ or service of the city, when it shall come to his knowledge that any contract or agreement which said city or with any officer or department thereof has been, or is about to be violated by the other contracting party, or that any ordinance, law or the provisions of this Charter has been, or is about to be violated, forthwith to report to the Commissioner having charge of the department in which such violation has occurred or is about to occur, all facts and information in his possession concerning such matter, and a failure to do so shall forfeit his office and remove the officer and employee therefrom. The Commissioner shall on demand give any person reporting such facts and information a certificate that he has made such report; and such certificate shall be evidence in exoneration from a charge of neglect of duty.

Section 9. The Board of Commissioners shall each three months cause to be printed a detailed itemized statement of all receipts and expenses of the city and a summary of its proceedings during the preceding quarter, and furnish printed copies thereof to the State Librarian, to the Public Library, to the newspapers of the city, and to persons who shall apply therefor at the office of the Clerk of the Board. At the end of each year the Board of Commissioners shall cause a full and complete examination of all books and accounts of the city to be made by competent accountants, and shall publish the results of such examination in the manner above provided for the publication of statements of quarterly expenditures; Provided, the Board of Commissioners shall first make application to the State Examiner and Inspector to examine said books and accounts and audit same as is provided herein.

Section 10. The Board of Commissioners may by ordinance provide for the inspection of buildings, plumbing and electrical work and provide all necessary rules and penalties governing same.

Section 11. All books and records in every office and department, except warrants in the Police Department, unexecuted, shall be open to inspection of any citizen of the city at any time during business hours.

Section 12. It shall be the duty of the Board of Commissioners to provide by ordinance for a system of auditing and accounting for all the affairs of the city, such system to be so made that it will provide for complete and accurate checks and bal-

Home Labor.

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ance by one department as to all other departments.

May Administer Oaths. Section 13. Each Commissioner shall have power to administer oaths.

Section 14. Every officer who shall approve, allow or pay any demand on the Treasury of the city, not authorized by law, ordinance or this Charter, shall be liable to the city individually and on his official bond for the amount of the demand so illegally approved, allowed or paid.

Section 15. Each Commissioner, and each member of the Police Department, in addition to the power of enforcing ordinances of the city, shall have the same police powers as are given to a constable in making arrests and in preserving the peace and safety within the city; Provided, that such officer shall have power over territory outside the city, but under its control, as may be conferred by the laws of the State.

Section 16. No officer or employee of the city, elective or appointive, shall be interested directly or indirectly in any contract or job for work or for material or supplies, or the profits thereof, or in any purchase made for or sales made by, to or with the city, or own stock in any corporation having a contract or sub-contract for doing any work, contract or job for the city, and all such contracts with the city officers or employees shall be void, and the violation of the provision shall be cause for the removal from office or employment of such officer or employee.

Section 17. No officer shall accept or receive, directly or indirectly, from any person, firm or corporation within the city any electric railway, street railway, gas works, electric light power plant, telephone exchange, heating plant, or other business using or operating under a public franchise, any frank, free ticket, or free service, or accept or receive, directly or indirectly, from any person, firm, or corporation, any other service upon terms more favorable than is granted the public generally, or any salary, compensation or thing of value, whatsoever. Any violation of this section shall be ground for removal from office of such officer; Provided, that this section shall not avoid the terms of any franchise now outstanding or prevent the granting of franchises conditioned upon free service to the city and its officers while engaged in the performance of their official duties.

Section 18. The office of Mayor, Police Judge, City Clerk, City Treasurer, Street Commissioner, and the offices of Councilmen from the several wards of the city, shall be terminated and become vacant upon the adoption and approval of this Charter and the election and qualification of the Commissioners provided for herein. All other elective officers, appointees and employees of the present corporation of Ada, except as provided herein, shall continue in their offices and employment upon the adoption and approval of this Charter and the organization of the new city government, until their successors are chosen and qualified, or until their services are dispensed with by order of the Board of Commissioners.

Section 19. The fiscal year of the city shall commence on the first day of July of each year and shall end on the thirtieth day of June, next following.

CERTIFICATE.

STATE OF OKLAHOMA, Pontotoc County, ss.

BE IT KNOWN, That the City of Ada, in the County of Pontotoc, and State of Oklahoma, a city of the first class, under the laws of said State, and containing a population of more than Two Thousand (2,000) inhabitants, at an election held on Thursday, the 4th day of January, 1912, in said city, by virtue of, under, and in accordance with, the provisions of Article Eighteen of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma, and the general laws of the said State, did pursuant to law elect the undersigned Eight Freeholders, two of said Freeholders being elected from each of the four wards of said city, said Eight Freeholders being and constituting the Board of Freeholders to prepare, suggest and propose a Charter for said city to be executed in duplicate and filed within ninety days from the day and date of said election.

Thereafter each and all of said Freeholders so elected duly qualified for said office and in pursuance of the Constitution and laws of the State

of Oklahoma, did meet and organize and did unanimously elect A. M. Croxton Chairman of said Board, and C. T. Angel Secretary of said Board, and said Board has met from day to day and time to time, and has prepared, formulated, adopted and does hereby propose to the qualified electors of the City of Ada, the above and foregoing Charter for adoption.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, Witness our hands at Ada, Oklahoma, in duplicate, on this second day of March, 1912.

First Ward:— J. T. CONN. W. G. CURRIE.

Second Ward:— A. M. CROXTON. C. T. ANGEL.

Third Ward:— J. C. CATES. D. J. AUSTIN.

Fourth Ward:— E. W. HARDIN. H. B. ROACH.

STATE OF OKLAHOMA, County of Pontotoc, ss.

I, A. M. Croxton, Chairman of the said Board of Freeholders, elected on the 4th day of January, 1912, to serve as a Board of Freeholders to prepare and propose a Charter for the City of Ada, in the County of Pontotoc, and State of Oklahoma, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing (in duplicate) is the original parchment and enrollment of the said proposed Charter, consisting of fifty pages, and the several articles and sections thereof, as duly and legally adopted by the Board of Freeholders of said city to be submitted to the qualified electors of Ada for ratification or rejection within the time and manner prescribed by the Constitutional Provisions and Laws of the State of Oklahoma, applicable thereto; and I do hereby certify that said Charter was so executed in duplicate and subscribed by the Eight Freeholders whose signatures appear thereto, and that said Charter so executed in duplicate, as provided by law, was filed with the Mayor of Ada, as the chief executive officer of said city, and with the Register of Deeds of Pontotoc County, within ninety days from the date of the election, and that said Charter is the true, correct and exact original Charter as prepared and adopted by said Board of Freeholders.

WITNESS MY HAND, this 6th day of March, 1912.

A. M. CROXTON, Chairman of Board of Freeholders of the City of Ada.

ATTEST: C. T. ANGEL, Secretary of Board of Freeholders. Filed March 6th, 1912.

S. E. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

(Filing Seal.) ATTEST: W. B. JONES, City Clerk.

No matter how much one may differ from Gov. Cruce in other matters, it cannot be denied that his views on the subject of high taxation are not far from correct. Oklahoma has necessarily had to go deeper in debt than most places, simply because conditions demanded it. There is a keen competition in town building, and many improvements which in older and less progressive states would be counted as luxuries, are necessities here. The News has favored just about every bond issue that the town has made, although it realized that it meant higher taxes for itself and others. However, the improvements simply had to be made or the town would have suffered, and we are not kicking about that part of it. Of course he was not far from right when he spoke of unnecessary offices. Several thousand offices, from the top of the list to the township, could be abolished without impairing the efficiency of the government. As for state taxes, they amount to a very insignificant part of what the people have voted upon themselves.

Neat Window Display.

We note with much interest the way some of our enterprising local dealers are putting forth every effort this spring to make their stores attractive. This week Ramsey Drug Co. whose progressive policy has been strongly shown this spring by their large, attractive advertisements in our columns, have a fine window devoted entirely to house paint.

On close inspection one finds not only the usual display of paint cans but long cards showing rows of houses in new and handsome combinations of colors for exterior painting. An attractive window border brightens the appearance of the whole store and draws much attention from the passers-by. It attractively illustrates how easily and well a shabby surface in or about the house can be fixed up. Ramsey Drug Co. deserves much credit for this window and we are sure it will prove of much benefit in reminding people of the many things around their homes that can easily be beautified at house-cleaning time.

COULD NOT HOLD NAPOLEON

In the Disguise of a Workman Future Emperor Passed Guard at Fortress of Ham.

In discussing the origin of Louis Napoleon's nickname of "Badinguet" some details were given incidentally of his escape from the fortress of Ham in northern France on May 25, 1846. Fuller details are now available, thanks to the researches of M. Thirria, and in view of the escape of Capt. Lux they have a special interest at the present moment.

It seems that the sole credit for the escape must lie with Louis Napoleon himself. He made his valet, Thelin, buy a black wig, some rouge, a cap which was scrubbed with pumice stone and a pair of sabots. Then he cut off his mustache, put on a blue apron, a blue pair of trousers and a close fitting shirt of coarse stuff.

Some workmen were carrying out some repairs to that part of the fortress where the prince lodged and this gave color to his disguise, so much so that the two watchmen entertained no suspicion regarding the man who walked past them and out at the great gate, a pipe in his mouth and a plank on his shoulder. The sergeant on duty at the drawbridge was reading a letter as he passed and took no notice of him. It was then 5 o'clock in the morning.

Four times that day, the last time at 5 in the afternoon, did the Governor, Demarle, send for the prince. Each time Dr. Conneau replied that the prisoner could not see anybody because he had taken medicine. When at last the governor lost patience and went himself to the prince's room and walked up to the bed on which the supposed invalid was lying he discovered that a very presentable dummy had taken the place of Louis Napoleon. The discovery was made too late. By that time the fugitive was over the Belgian frontier.

EXCITEMENT OF SOME KIND

Unregenerate, Long Barred From Scenes of "Pleasure," Ready With Inventive Facilities.

"Boze" Bulger, the baseball writer, tells this story on "Germany" Schaefer, says the New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Times-Star. Bulger allows that when Schaefer returned from Cuba two years ago he plumed himself for entertainment. So they framed up a soiree at the home of one of his friends. The lady of the house was hospitable, but prudish. There are a lot of things in this world she doesn't believe in. But she permitted the gathering to have a few hods of foam. "Now," said Mr. Schaefer, brushing the dust off his cheekbones, "bring on the cards and we'll have a little game. Ten-cent limit."

"We have no cards in this house," said the stern-faced hostess. "I do not believe in gambling."

"Oh, all right," said Mr. Schaefer. "Mebbe some one's got some dice. We'll roll the bones to see who goes next time to the corner."

"We have no dice, Mr. Schaefer," said the lady of the house, acidly. "I tell you that I do not permit gambling in this house."

"No gambling, hey," said Mr. Schaefer. "No gambling at all, uh? Have you any washtubs?"

She said yes, she had lots of wash-tubs.

"Fine," said Mr. Schaefer, heartily. "Now, you get me a watermelon and three tubs—and I'll work the three-shell game."

Thoughtfulness.

It is a pleasant bit of thoughtfulness which many hostesses show in leaving reading matter on the table of their guest room. A guest is frequently not accustomed to the same hours of rising and going to bed as prevail in the house where she is visiting. She may have a habit of early rising or of sleeplessness, or she may have merely a short time in her room with nothing to do, when she does not wish to go down stairs or elsewhere to obtain books. At such a time a new book, an interesting magazine or two would prove most grateful. It is not necessary to have a whole guest room bookcase. One or two well-chosen books will serve the purpose quite as well. It is a distinct compliment to a guest to have put enough thought into her tastes and interest to be able to offer her just the book or just the article which she would wish to read. While this is not always possible, with the best intentions, something bright, readable and new will rarely go amiss.

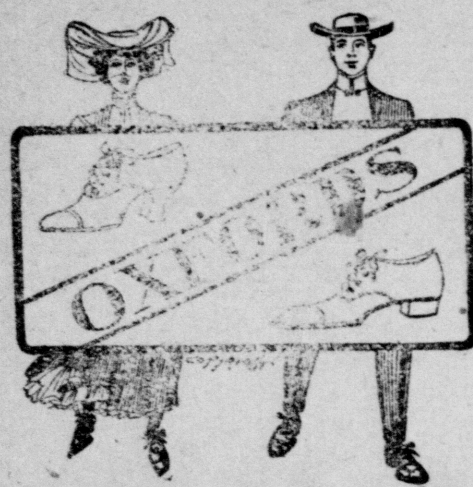
Life From Dead Material.

Evidence that living plants or animals are still being produced from lifeless materials is offered by a British scientist. In experiments described at the Royal Institution, they sterilized inorganic fluids with many precautions, heating for five to twenty minutes as high as 175 degrees C, although bacteria are destroyed at 55 degrees. The fluid seemed unchanged after six or seven months. Its sediment, however, was found to contain microscopic organisms, and these were proven to be living by their great growth in a few days in an incubator.

Royalty Sacred in Austria.

A woman in Vienna has been sent to prison for three months for speaking disrespectfully of Maria Theresa, who has been dead for 131 years. In Austrian law royalty is protected from criticism, written or spoken, for 200 years after death.

Spring Footwear!



Currentireli e of Spring Goods are all here and we invite every one to come and let us show you our new styles. Our Misses', Children's and Boys' Slippers and Oxfords arrived this week. They are the prettiest and fanciest styles ever shown in the city. Our spring styles in Men's Oxfords in all the new styles are here. They consist of tan, gun metal, patent, vici, white.

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FLATDWELLER IN SUBURBS

He Found That He Had Forgotten How to Skate—And Something Else Too.

"I wouldn't have thought," said a former flat dweller, "that one could ever forget how to skate, but I have discovered that he can."
"Last spring, after twenty years in a city flat, we moved to a house in the suburb near which there is a pond that gives good skating in winter. When I was a boy I used to be good on skates and the other day I went out to this pond. I hadn't skated for more than twenty years, but I had no idea but that I could put on a pair of skates and just glide right off with the rest of them. Do you know what actually happened?"

"I got a pair of skates and stood up on them, but that was about all. I could stand up, but not much more, and surely I was surprised. I made a few efforts, and I did get a little distance, but only by great effort, and my feet were apt to spread out and my ankles to turn and I was all the time in danger of falling down. So I was very glad to get those skates off and to acknowledge that I had forgotten how to skate. But that was nothing to another thing I had forgotten, namely, the use of the snow shovel."

"There was a time when I could shovel snow with the best of them; but during those twenty years up in the flat I had never touched a shovel; the janitor attended to all that. But here in our own suburban home when snow fell the shoveling was up to me; the walk from the front door to the sidewalk, the stretch of sidewalk itself, and the walk around to the kitchen door."

"And when I tackled this job for the first time, well, I was surprised, indeed, to find how much I'd forgotten about snow shovelling."

"But there was nobody but me to do it, and it had to be done. I may never again learn to skate, but I've had to learn anew how to shovel snow."

CHURCHMAN PARTY TO FRAUD

At Least, Ecclesiastic Thought So When Told Emerald Was Only an Imitation.

Bishop Johnson of South Dakota tells this story of himself:

"I was dining one night beside a man of whom I had never heard before. I soon discovered that he was quick witted and later I was also to discover that he was a jewelry expert. I was wearing an emerald ring which I prize very highly for its history as well as for its beauty."

"Will you let me see your ring?" he asked.

"I gladly passed the trinket to him; he examined it critically, and then returned it, saying: 'It is the best imitation emerald I ever saw.'"

"I was startled. I told him that it was genuine and had been used in England by churchmen for 200 years, and that it had always been considered a flawless gem."

"Nevertheless," he replied, 'it is an imitation emerald.'"

"Some time later I met an expert in gems in New York, showed him the ring and asked his opinion of it. The man looked at it and told me that it was an imitation."

"I have reproached myself for having told you," he remarked.

"I'm glad you did tell me," I replied. "Else I might have transmitted a lie to posterity."

"You surely would have been in good company in doing that," said he, and the incident was at an end.—The World Today.

Decline of Repentance.

Repentance—once so universally practiced at this season of the year, as well as on birthdays, and sometimes on Sundays—is rapidly becoming one of the obsolete virtues. Even novelists seem to have grown tired of the "wailing" heroine, the lady who plunged into exotic sins one day and betook herself (metaphorically) to a nunnery the next, only to join the army of backsliders with greater zest than ever as soon as her fit of penitence was over. Despite copybook maxims warning the unwary of the futility of indulging in lamentation over spilt milk, repentance has flourished exceedingly, and women especially have hitherto always manifested a strong bias in that direction.

Repentance needs leisure, and that may be why it is gradually going out of fashion. People have no time to look backwards, and, moreover, they are now realizing the futility of doing so. Like Omar Khayyam, they understand that no one can rub out what the moving finger has written, and that tears are powerless to undo what has once been done.—Exchange.

Much-Named Isle.

The Parisians, who are extremely fond of changing place names within their jurisdiction, have never equalled the record established in this respect in the case of the Island of Reunion, which has changed its name four times in a little over half a century and with little or no reason for doing so.

In 1793 it was Bourbon, as it had been for a century and a half; but the convention then changed it to Reunion.

LIKE STROKE OF LIGHTNING

Veteran Soldier Tells How Wound Affects Fighter on the Field of Battle.

General Miles in his book, "Serving the Republic," says that, like every other soldier who has seen much active service, he is often asked how it feels to be wounded. He himself was wounded four times, and twice almost fatally, so he is able to speak from experience. He says: "One is often asked how it seems to be wounded in battle. The flight of a bullet is quicker than thought, and has passed through a flesh wound before one realizes that he has been struck. I have seen bodies of men dead on the field of battle where the brain had been pierced and death had been instantaneous. They would remain in every position of the manual of arms, with an anxious look, a frown or a smile on their cold and rigid faces. My wounds received at Fair Oaks, Fredericksburg and Petersburg were flesh wounds, and disabled me but a short time. While riding down the line at Chancellorsville one of the enemy's bullets struck my metallic belt plate with great force. This caused a slight deviation as it entered the body. The result was an instant deathly sickening sensation; my sword dropped from my right hand, my scabbard and belt dropped to the left; I was completely paralyzed below the waist. My horse seemed to realize what had occurred; he stopped, turned and walked slowly back—I holding to the pomel of the saddle with my hands. We soon reached a group of soldiers, who took me off and, placing me in a blanket, carried me to the Chancellorsville House, and pulled a dead man off a couch to make room for me."

MOSE NOT HARD TO SATISFY

As Far as Prisoner Was Concerned, He Was Willing to Let the Matter Drop.

Bozeman Bulger, a baseball writer, says that in his home town, down in Southern Alabama, a negro was brought into court to answer a charge of murder.

"Mose Tupper," said the judge, contemplating the prisoner over his spectacles, "you are accused here of one of the most serious crimes known to our laws—towit, the taking of a human life. Are you properly represented by counsel?"

"No, suh," said the darky cheerfully.

"Well, have you talked to any one about your defense since your arrest?"

"I told the sheriff about the shooting when he come to my cabin to fetch me heah," said the prisoner—"but tha's all."

"And have you taken no steps whatever to engage a lawyer?"

"No, suh," said Mose. "I ain't got no money to be wastin' on lawyers. Dey tell me lawyers is mighty costive."

"If you have no funds," insisted the judge, "it lies within the power of the court to appoint an attorney to defend you without charge."

"You needn't be botherin' yo'self, judge," answered Mose.

"Well, what do you propose to do about this case?" demanded his honor.

"Jedge," said the negro, "ez fur ez Ise concerned you kin jes' let de matter drap!"—Saturday Evening Post.

Why He Was Not Guilty.

"Little X," says a writer in the Army and Navy Journal, "was one of the most popular of our young officers in the army maneuvers at — during 1910. He had served in the cavalry and had brought with him the cavalry swagger, wore his campaign hat turned up in front and rear, and is said to have slept in his spurs. Our lieutenant colonel, whose treatment of younger officers had made him most unpopular, was then in command of the regiment."

"One day Little X passed the Colonel's tent while the old man was standing out in front looking for trouble. He spotted X and sent his orderly for him. 'Mister X,' said the colonel as Johnny saluted and brought his heels together with the approved click. 'Mister X, you appear to have a touch of the outre about you. Why, colonel,' said X, 'you must be mistaken; I haven't had a drink since I came to camp.'"

Laying Something by for Future.

The general prosperity can only be a reflection of the prosperity of the individual, and no individual is really prosperous who is not laying aside something for the future. The man who makes \$10,000 per year and spends \$10,000 is poorer than the man who makes \$1,000 and spends but \$900. It may be hard to walk while your neighbor whisks by in an automobile, but it is the man who has the courage and character to live well within his means who accumulates enough capital to do things in the world.—Indianapolis Star.

His Life Work.

Is this an artist? Yes, that is what he calls himself.
Is his studio beautiful? It is.
Where did he get the money with which to buy beautiful things? From a rich uncle who died.
Does the artist hold lovely afternoon receptions? He does.
What is he painting? A picture.
How long has he been painting the picture? About seven years.
Will he ever finish it? NO!—Puck.

GOVERNOR'S VIEWS ON TAX QUESTION IN A NUT SHELL

We are running this state government just as economically as it can be run under present conditions.

The cost of state government in Kentucky, whose area is half that of Oklahoma, is twice that of this state. The actual assessed valuation of property in Oklahoma, as fixed by the state board of equalization, has not yet reached its true constitutional value.

The individual property owner and voter in Oklahoma primarily are responsible for the high taxes in this state.

Democracy stands in the open and with uncovered heads, bears every burden that properly belongs there; but I do object to charging the democratic party or any other party with responsibilities it does not own.

Do you know that here in Oklahoma City this year upon the increased value of all the property as fixed by the state board of equalization, in order to pay the interest on your bonded debt and to provide a sinking fund to ultimately pay off that debt, it required a levy of 3.8 mills?

Twice as much money is being gathered in Oklahoma City to pay interest and sinking funds on money you already have spent, as is gathered here for all purposes of state government; if there had been no raise in values here by the state board of equalization it would have been necessary for you to have increased the rate of levy to 7.6 mills in order to meet this fixed charge against the people of Oklahoma City.

If you have your magnificently paved streets, your splendid waterworks system, and all these modern conveniences you must pay for them. If the state of Oklahoma persists in doing in three, four and five years, what older commonwealths have taken 25, 50 and 100 years to accomplish, we shall have to bear the burdens.

You talk of your tax burdens, and yet you go on piling up your debts, voting more bonds.

Three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars is the amount of money you Oklahoma City people pay for interest and sinking fund, not one penny of which can be used to run your government.

I believe that one-half of the taxes that the people of Oklahoma are paying are taxes that they have voted upon themselves in the form of bond issues of every character.

There are two ways to correct this condition—one is to stop the outlay of money you are voting upon yourselves, and you alone can accomplish this and the other is to elect to office only such men as will honestly administer the affairs of the people when elected.

In the approaching election your ballot will determine the type of men who will administer your local affairs for the next two years; the members of the legislature, who will deal with state affairs also will be of your choosing. If you get incompetent men, it will be, in large measure, your own fault.

Another way you can materially reduce the cost of government in this state is to reduce the number of men upon the official payroll. I believe in and stand for a reduction of officials in Oklahoma, both state, county and local.

It seems to be a well-settled conviction among officeholders that when they are once placed upon the payroll it is to be a permanent thing, and you can hardly get them off, without cutting off their heads. When you undertake to pass legislation that will put a man out of office he feels

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McGuire's Jersey Dairy

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that you are doing him a personal injury.

I would begin the reduction of local officials by abolishing every township office in the state. I would consolidate other offices as far as possible.

There hardly is to be found in state or county any office where the total number of assistants and deputies permitted by law, are not employed.

The trouble is that too many of our county officials, instead of discharging the duties they were elected to discharge, sit up in their offices, look wise, draw their salaries, and employ deputies to do the work they themselves were elected and expected to do.

The fact is that it cost Oklahoma county last year \$13,231.77 to render its property and make its tax rolls. The cost under the new county assessor law will be \$12,400.

All the legislatures ever assembled under heaven never can settle this question of taxation. Until the individual realizes that he has a duty to perform, as well as the public official, there will be no material reduction in taxes.—Oklahoman.



On the modern household. The up-to-date housewife no longer finds the household duties a drudgery. She has electricity installed in her home. The house is heated, she cooks, bakes, operates her sewing machine, her washing machine and does her ironing—all by electricity. It saves health and strength and prolongs life. It is quick, reliable and convenient. The housewife who would like to learn how to lighten her labors should call at our office. We will be glad to explain more fully.

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Time Table in Effect June 18th, 1911

WESTWARD				EASTWARD			
P M	A M	Lv	Ar	P M	P M	Ar	P M
	7 00				5 00		
	7 35				4 30		
	8 05				4 05		
	8 40				3 40		
	9 00				3 27		
	9 20				3 14		
3 30	10 05				2 55	2 55	
3 50	11 15				1 40	2 34	
4 02	11 35				1 25	2 20	
4 20	12 10	Ar			12 55	2 02	
4 40	1 42				12 25	1 42	
5 07	2 05				11 15	1 17	
5 20	2 18				10 50	1 05	
5 40	2 40				10 30	12 50	
5 50	3 00	Lv			9 55	12 50	
6 00	3 15				9 30	12 28	
6 10	3 35				9 17	12 20	
6 34	4 25				8 45	12 00	
6 52	4 55				8 10	11 40	
7 05	5 25				7 40	11 25	
7 15	5 45				7 15	11 15	
7 30	6 00	Ar			7 00	11 00	
P M	P M				A M	A M	

B. M. HAILE, Traffic Manager.

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Pretty Mothers

Health is the foundation of all good looks. The wise woman realizes this and takes precautions to preserve her health and strength through the period of child bearing. She remains a pretty mother by avoiding as far as possible the suffering and dangers of such occasions. This every woman may do through the use of Mother's Friend, a remedy that has been so long in use, and accomplished so much good, that it is in no sense an experiment, but a preparation which always produces the best results. It is for external application and so penetrating in its nature as to thoroughly lubricate every muscle, nerve and tendon involved during the period before baby comes. It aids nature by expanding the skin and tissues, relieves tenderness and soreness, and perfectly prepares the system for natural and safe motherhood. Mother's Friend has been used and endorsed by thousands of mothers, and its use will prove a comfort and benefit to any woman in need of such a remedy. Mother's Friend is sold at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers, which contains much valuable information.

Mother's Friend

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Charter under the proposed commission government appears in today's issue of the News. It is now up to every thoughtful citizen of the town to study its provisions carefully and learn its provisions before the campaign opens. Already a great many rumors have been floating around concerning this instrument, many of which were not founded on fact. Let every man read for himself and take the word of no one about what is in it. A number of extra copies are being printed today, and these will be sold at the regular price of two cents each.

For Sale or Trade.

Fifty nice, fresh Jersey milk cows. White & Gay, Ada, Okla. 293-12td

LOTS OF HIGHEST CLASS FOR SALE AT BARGAIN

For sale Lots No. 1, 2, 3, in Block 1 in Dan Tays Addition. These lots are on the peak of the gradual rise on East 14th street and include all of a fractional block with Turner avenue on the west and Turner avenue on the East. On market for Wednesday only at \$800. Terms offered.

OTIS WEAVER, Ada News Office

Time Table of All Trains Arriving at Ada, Okla.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RY

SOUTH

No. 111 Lv. Daily.....11:25 A. M.

No. 113 Lv. Daily.....11:08 P. M.

NORTH

No. 112 Ar. Daily.....4:17 P. M.

No. 114 Ar. Daily.....3:15 A. M.

TRAIN GOING EAST.

12 Lv. Daily.....2:55 P. M.

TRAIN FROM EAST.

11 Ar. Daily.....10:05 A. M.

TRAIN GOING WEST.

3 Lv. Daily.....3:30 P. M.

TRAIN FROM WEST.

4 Ar. Daily.....2:55 P. M.

FRISCO.

NORTH BOUND.

522—Muskogee Pas. Lv.....6:30 A. M.

508—Eastern Express.....10:12 A. M.

510—Meoter.....4:12 P. M.

114—Hustler.....12:40 A. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

113—Hustler.....5:26 A. M.

609—Meoter.....11:35 A. M.

507—Sherman Exp.....5:20 P. M.

521—Muskogee Pas. Ar.....9:00 P. M.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

For the convenience of the public, the Evening News will hereafter be on sale at the Post-office News stand for the small sum of 2c. The same rate will prevail at the News office. This is less than the actual cost of the paper, and it is impossible to make the price any lower. The publishers would like to give it away, but every paper costs money to print, and if it is worth reading at all, the News is certainly worth the small sum asked for it.

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CLARK THE STRONGEST MAN

Michigan Journal Recognizes Speaker as Most Able Exponent of Democratic Doctrine.

Speaker Clark has been for about 18 years in the limelight as an able exponent of Democratic doctrine. He has been tried thoroughly and has acquitted himself with great ability in one of the most trying forums in the world—as the leader of the minority, a most critical position in any representative government. He has led the party last year, and established a splendid record as the second man in the nation politically, a record which must commend itself to the people, and by and by through which the national Democracy must make great gains.

Our presidential leader should come from the ranks. Who in the ranks of the Democrats stands such a show of success as does Speaker Champ Clark?

We like Clark. He is a man of great natural ability, thoroughly polished and educated; but what is more, he is a man of experience and ripened judgment. He is competent and has done the most difficult work of statesmanship with a breadth of mind and a thoroughness, which is very refreshing and should appeal to Democratic minds. This is why we favor Champ Clark for president.—Times, Detroit, Mich.

Wisconsin Men for Clark.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Thomas F. Konop and Michael E. Burke, Democratic congressmen from Wisconsin, will be the backbone of the movement to capture the state delegation for Champ Clark.

This is assured by a statement by Congressman Burke, who represents the Sixth district, the Democratic stronghold in the state. He not only declared his allegiance to the Missouri leader, but said he had already been doing some "missionary work" which would bear results when the proper time comes.

"I have heard considerable talk for Wilson and Harmon," said Congressman Konop, "but I think we can agree on Clark."—Milkhart (Ind.) Truth.

Davenport Booms Clark.

Homer Davenport, the cartoonist, at the Raleigh hotel, said: "I am for Champ Clark for the Democratic nomination, and I believe it is a sure thing that Taft will be renominated by the Republicans. Who will be the winner? Well, I am inclined to think the Democrat will be elected."

"I like Champ Clark. He is a good solid homespun Democrat. He doesn't make many breaks, notwithstanding some persons try to construe his utterances wrongly. Take everything he has said, tear it up and piece it together again, and it is all good stuff."—Washington (D. C.) Post.

Clark, the Great Leader.

Champ Clark has been the leader of the Democratic party for the last two years. These are the two years in which the Democratic party has been not only united, but united on sound Democratic principles which will abide.

To the speaker is due in a large measure not only the success of the present admirable showing of the party throughout the country, for the reason that he has guided the Democratic majority with principles and policies upon which the party could unite and remain united.—New York American.

The Only Logical One.

President Champ Clark sounds good to us. Many people in Texas express the conviction that Champ Clark and William H. Taft will face each other next fall as candidates for the presidency. Mr. Clark, as speaker, has "proved himself," is our foremost man before the public and hence has a foundation to support a nomination at the hands of the Democrats. Why not Clark for president anyway? We have numbers of college professors and some forty odd governors, but only one logical man for president—Champ Clark, the Speaker.—Panhandle (Tex.) Herald.

Clark Can Unite Democrats.

Champ Clark can unite the Democratic party of the nation. Besides, he will be wholly acceptable to the progressive Republicans who desire to have their progressive ideas written into the legislation of the country. The more Champ Clark's record is examined the more it will be found to line true with the very things that the man who works for a living and the man who desires only a square deal in government matters, is entitled to demand. We sincerely hope to see Champ Clark nominated for president on the Democratic ticket.—Shenandoah (Iowa) World.

West Virginia for Clark.

Hon. S. V. Matthews, chairman of the Republican state committee of West Virginia, said: "So far as I have been able to observe there has been no marked change in the sentiment among the Democrats of my state. They appear to be for Speaker Clark, and although I am not in the confidence of the Democrats, it is my guess that Clark will get the West Virginia delegation in the convention."—Washington (D. C.) Post.

Kern Thinks Well of Clark.

Senator Kern of Indiana, who was Bryan's running mate in the last presidential election, says: "I think well of Speaker Champ Clark. He would make an admirable chief executive."—News, Buffalo, N. Y.

FARM CHARACTER



MAYOR GAYNOR AND HIS HORSES

The Joys and Trials of Life in the Country Described by Mayor Gaynor of New York, Who Gives His Definition of a "Meddler"—"Sons of Oneida"—Country Made Character and Its Work For Good Government in a Great City—Recollections of Roscoe Conkling—Skeeterboro Schoolhouse.

At the annual banquet of the Sons of Oneida in New York city, of which organization he is president, Mayor William J. Gaynor talked feelingly of his boyhood days on the farm where he was born at a "place"—he declined to dignify it by speaking of it as a village—called "Skeeterboro," eleven miles from Utica.



SKEETERBORO SCHOOL, ATTENDED BY THE MAYOR WHEN A BOY.

He also entertained them with a description of the district school, "a little board schoolhouse as innocent of paint now as it was then," which he and some of his hearers attended.

"It was a hard place," he said. "It was a hard school. We worked hard, and we ate little, and we did not always have enough to eat either. The recollections of those days will always abide with me, not only the hardships of them, but the joys of them too—the joy of living and the joy of working and the knowledge of the great men who lived there. My father was the friend and great admirer for many years of Roscoe Conkling. I shall never forget the first time I saw him. I went to Utica with my father—it was a great event in my life to visit Utica—and we went to the courthouse, where Conkling was pleading a suit against the New York Central railroad. He was the picture of beautiful young manhood, for he was then approaching middle life—the handsomest man I thought then and I think tonight made by the Almighty since he made Adam."

"It was beautiful to look at him and hear him speak and see the poise of his body and the grace of his manner and the beauty of his rhetoric. He was one of the most eloquent men I have ever listened to, and with it he had a profound intellect."

"We had a hard struggle up there in the country, but it did us no harm. We worked hard all the year around. We planted and we reaped, we mowed

and we cradled, we sawed saw logs in the winter. We split rails with wedges and mauls and mallets, and some of the fences that I built are there yet, although there is not a single man living there who saw those rails split or the fences built."

"We lived among good people, all good and industrious and frugal, and what character the sons of Oneida have here in New York city we brought with us from Oneida county. We learned in the school of experience, and now we are working down here at divers things. I am sure I am entirely content with the work I have done here. I have never aspired to this or to that. I worked at the bar, I worked afterward at the bench, and now I am doing a different kind of work. Yet it is not so different, after all, and while some people are kind enough to say that I am doing something in the office—something in the way of good government, something in the way of lifting government up and making it respectable and decent—I have only to say that I am doing nothing except

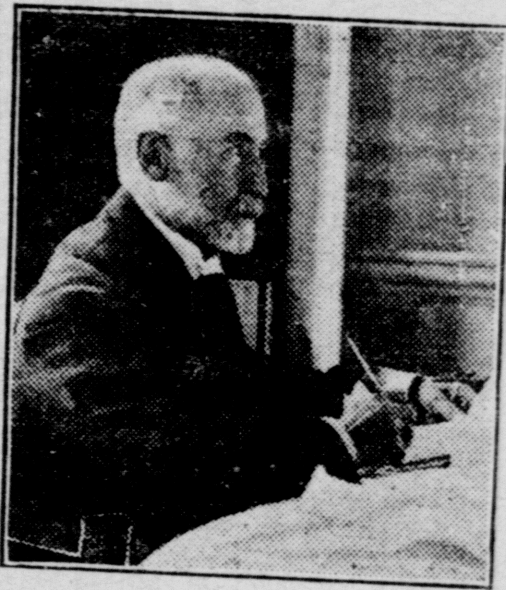


Photo © by American Press Association.

MAYOR GAYNOR AT HIS DESK.

what I have been doing continuously for over thirty years. I came to Brooklyn as a boy and at once began to meddle, they said, in other people's business because I interfered now and

then with people in office who were doing wrong and spoiling the public treasury. I have kept that up ever since, with the only difference that I am now in a position to do it more effectively. And in that sense of being a meddler I expect to continue to meddle as long as I live."



NO RACE SUICIDE IN THE GAYNOR FAMILY

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W. H. BRALEY, TREAS. AND SEC.

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ANTI-TRUST LAW

Oklahoma City, Ok., March 19.—The criminal provisions of the Oklahoma anti-trust law of 1908 were sustained today in an opinion of the criminal court of appeals delivered by Judge Thomas H. Doyle, reversing and remanding for trial the case of W. H. Coyle and others, appealed from the District Court of Logan county.

W. H. Coyle, F. E. Houghton, R. A. Vose, W. O. Cawthon, E. Cook, Southwestern Cotton Oil Company, Houston and Douglas Cotton Company, W. H. Coyle Consolidated Companies, W. H. Coyle Oil Company and the Cawthon Cotton Company were indicted jointly at Guthrie in June, 1908, charged with conspiracy to control the buying, selling, ginning and manufacturing of cotton and cotton products for the purpose of regulating the price and stifling competition in violation of the anti-trust law.

It is alleged that the defendants through a pool and agreements, the corporations were divided into three groups to control cotton ginning and prices in Logan county, each of the groups to purchase and gin one-third of the cotton produced in the county as nearly as practicable; that they refused to gin cotton for any buyer not employed by the alleged combination; that they controlled at least 90 per cent of the gins in Logan county and that at Crescent they raised the price of ginning cotton from \$3.50 to \$5 per bale.

These acts were declared contrary to public policy, and in violation of the penal provisions of the Oklahoma anti-trust law passed by the legislature.

The defendants filed a demurrer to the indictments, alleging that no offense was charged, that the indictments contained matters which if true would constitute justification of the offense charged, and that the Oklahoma statute was in violation of the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution.

Judge A. J. Huston sustained the demurrer upon the ground that no time of committing the offense was alleged, that the indictments were void for duplicity, and that the anti-trust law was unconstitutional, or at least insufficient upon which to predicate a crime. The state appealed.

The criminal court of appeals today reversed the district court and ordered the cases tried under the law as laid down in its opinion.

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PROMPT SETTLEMENT

Ada, Okla., March 19, 1912. Oklahoma National Life Insurance Co., Oklahoma City, Gentlemen: In acknowledging settlement through your representative, John H. Gardner, of your policy No. 1499 in the sum of \$1,000.00 on the life of G. H. McElreath, deceased, of whose estate I am administrator I am pleased to say

that the same is entirely to my satisfaction.

There was some delay in preparation of proof of death, through no fault of the company and satisfactory settlement was made the day following your receipt of correct proof. To all desiring first class life insurance I cheerfully commend the Oklahoma National.

Most Respectfully,

JOE E. McELREATH,

Adm. Estate of G. H. McElreath

The Perfect Protection Policies

of the Oklahoma National Life Insurance Co., contain special benefits and desirable features not combined in the policies of other companies. For full information see John H. Gardner, representative, Ada, Okla. Itd&w

Who Was Casey Jones?

Everybody has heard and sung the rollicking song of "Casey Jones" but comparatively few know that there was a real "Casey Jones." But such there was. The original Casey Jones was John Luther Jones, who was born in 1863 at Casey, Ky., and now sleeps in a little Catholic cemetery near Jackson, Tenn. The name of the town in which he was born was pronounced "Kay-sey," and from this fact his famous nickname arose. At the age of nineteen he obtained employment as a fireman on the Mobile & Ohio railroad. Later he entered the service of the Illinois Central in the same capacity, and in 1890 he was promoted to the position of engineer, which he held until his death.

Out of the incidents of his stirring life Neff & Pennington have had written the amusing comedy of "Casey Jones," a rollicking comedy in four acts, which will be presented at the opera house in this city on the night of Monday, March 25. It is said to be the funniest of all funny comedies, abounding with laughable situations and funny incidents from start to finish.

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